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Clerk	James N. Wadley
Deputy Clerk	John W. Wadley
Treasurer	Wm. W. Wadley
Prosecuting Attorney	Wm. W. Wadley
Judge of Probate	Wm. W. Wadley
Recorder	Wm. W. Wadley
Surveyor	Wm. W. Wadley
SUPERVISORS	
Grove Township	A. Wadley
South Branch	I. H. Richardson
Boyer Creek	J. A. Wadley
Maple Creek	H. P. Wadley
Grayling	R. P. Wadley
Frederick	C. Wadley
Blaine	J. J. Wadley
Center Plain	T. P. Wadley

MILLIONS IN BONDS.

HOW YOUR UNCLE SAM BORROWS MONEY.

All About the Recent Fifty-Million-Dollar Loan—The New Issue of Two Kinds, Coupon and Registered—Great Fortunes Invested.

Odd Things in Securities. Washington correspondence: The new 5 per cent. bonds will soon be scattered all over the United States. They are but a drop in the bucket with what Uncle Sam has borrowed since he began business a little more than one hundred years ago. The total amount of bonds sold by the Government from the beginning of the Union down to the year 1880 was ten billion six hundred and ninety million dollars, a sum which makes the debt and duty, and which would buy up a dozen of the small monarchies of Europe. This vast sum includes the bond issues of the United States up to that time. Many of them were made to fund previous loans, but interest was paid on every one of



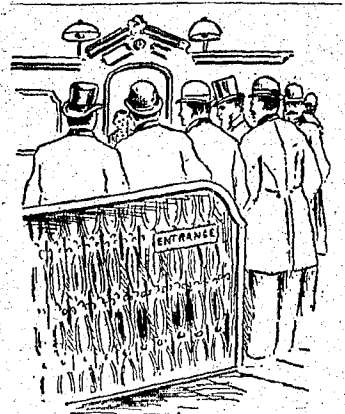
SECRETARY CARLISLE.

these dollars, and the gold which has been spent in this way by Uncle Sam would gild the great departments of Washington and leave enough to make a solid gold statue as large as that of the Goddess of Liberty which stands on the Capitol dome. Fifty years ago if a Secretary of the Treasury had made the statement that in half a century the United States would be borrowing money at 3 per cent. he would have been looked upon as a fool and a madman, but there is no security in the world better to-day than that of Uncle Sam, and it is believed here that a 2 per cent. bond could be floated. Every one wants these bonds. They feel that their money is safe and that this \$50,000,000 in bonds is surer than safe deposits of stock under the rafters. Have you ever seen a Government bond? It is not a piece of paper, but it is often worth its weight in diamonds. The bonds of the present issue are in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$1,000, and \$10,000. The bonds are of the same size and the difference is shown by the figures on their faces. These bonds are for ten years, and they bring in 5 per cent. interest.

A Valuable Commodity. The new bonds are of two kinds. One class is of registered bonds and the other coupon bonds. The coupon bonds are payable to bearer and to them are fastened a number of detachable coupons about the size of an old 10-cent shilling. The interest is payable quarterly, and every three months you clip off these coupons and cash them at the Treasury of the United States or at the banks. Any bank in the country knows just what the coupons are worth and will pay you the interest on them. You can use the coupons and the bonds in business deals and their value is so well fixed that they could almost pass as money. The chief danger is that the coupons will be lost and the bank by the man who presents it.

As to the registered bonds, these are of a somewhat different nature. They have no coupons and are payable to the person whose name is written on the bond. In the office of the register of the treasury at Washington there is a record kept of the men who hold these bonds, and the name of each owner is in the ledger and is devoted to this purpose alone. As soon as a bond is sold an account is opened with the person who buys it between him and the government, and in this is stated the amount he paid for the bond and the rate of interest. Every three months the clerks go through the books and make out a set of accounts. They notify the Treasurer of the United States to pay all the interest due to the persons who hold these bonds, and this money is forwarded to them in the shape of a treasury draft. As soon as the bond is redeemed the account is closed. These registered bonds are the safest investments known to the United States, and rich men put large sums of money into them. Vanderbilt once owned \$45,000,000 of these registered bonds.

The largest denominations of bonds now outstanding are those of \$50,000. The fortunate possessor of one of these draws \$2,500 interest every year and his original investment has increased in value about \$7,000. This denotation of bond is held by trust companies and millionaires. There are a great many bonds outstanding of the denomination



BUYING BONDS.

of \$10,000. The holders of these draw \$100 interest every three months upon each bond. The largest issue of bonds ever made by this Government at one time was in 1877, when a total of \$45,000,000 was issued.

1880. 1894.

FOURTEEN YEARS' TRADE.

Has given us the knowledge of the requirements of the people of this section of the State, and we are prepared as never before to show you the most complete stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Ever exhibited in Northern Michigan, at prices which we know will be satisfactory.

Our Spring and Summer Styles

Will be on hand in advance of the season, giving ample opportunity for careful selection.

Our Grocery Department, Boots, Shoes and Clothing, Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Stoves and Ranges, Crockery and Glassware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c.,

Will be filled with Purest and Best Goods.

HAY, OATS AND FEED, WOOD, COAL AND LUMBER, EVERYTHING IN LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES,

AT THE

PIONEER STORE

SALLING, HANSON & CO.,

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

FINE HORSES PERISH.

OVER ONE HUNDRED BLOODED EQUINES CREMATED.

Fire, Started Presumably by Tramps, in the Elwood Stables, Near DeKalb, Consumes Valuable Stock—Awful Sight of Brutes Burning to Death.

Loss About \$30,000. About 4 o'clock in the morning the large barn on what is called the Lyons Farm, belonging to W. L. Elwood, the millionaire horse importer of De Kalb, Ill., were burned, with their entire contents. One hundred and forty-seven pure-bred and high-grade Percheron horses and three standard-bred trotters perished in the flames. The barn was located just outside the city limits, and, therefore, beyond the reach of the fire department. When discovered the upper part of the building was a mass of flames, and although every effort was made to free the imprisoned horses, not one escaped. The scene was a frightful one. The frenzied brutes dashed madly about their fire-ridden prison, and their shrieks of agony drowned all else. Heroic efforts were made by the attaches of the stable and those who had gathered around to rescue even a few of the noble animals, but to no avail. The excitement was intense, and hundreds of men and boys came to witness the conflagration. Bucket brigades were organized, several leads of hose dragged out and attached to the burning pump, and in this way the unenviable battle was waged. The cries of the dying horses reached the ears of those being led to safety, and that added to the pandemonium. Several horses broke their halters and dashed wildly through the throngs of spectators, and fortunately they were captured before anyone was very seriously injured.

The damage to the barn is estimated at \$15,000. The horses, which were of the finest stock in the country, are valued at about the same figure. One hundred tons of hay which was stored in the gutted barn was also lost in the flames. The origin of the fire can not be ascertained positively just now, but there is said to have been discovered good evidence to show that the blaze was an incendiary one, started by tramps who had been but a few hours before in the stable and who, it is now thought, were captured before anyone was very seriously injured.

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TRAMPS USE THE TORCH.

Two Attempts to Reduce the Huge Agricultural Building to Ashes.

Fire has eaten another black hole into the wreck of the World's Fair. There are men who are trying to destroy what is left of the White City with the torch. Twice Wednesday they attempted to turn up the Agricultural Building, and it cost a hard fight to prevent the second attempt from being successful. For all the splendid work of the fire companies, a Chicago dispatch says, the southwest corner of the building is in ruins. The whole of the great structure is flooded and smoking. The beauty of the building is spoiled. The vandals chose for a place to begin his work of destruction one of the great Corinthian columns at the southwestern corner of the building. Careless teamsters had broken and crushed it in the process of unloading the wheels of their heavy trucks, and made black holes at the base of the pillars. The incendiary selected this as an advantageous place to make the attempt to destroy the building. A little straw or some paper was thrown into the hole and the match applied. Then the incendiary disappeared to await the result of his work. Supposedly the work was done by the pestiferous tramps who find the deserted palaces such a convenient camping place. These vagabonds have been in the park since the Fair closed; the great fire last month destroyed the peristyle is known to have been started by them out of revenge, and everything indicates that this blaze was even more deliberately kindled. This fire has not caused a great money loss, as \$5,000 or so will cover it all. The damage to the big, useless building can scarcely be accounted as loss, and there were few goods within exposed to damage.

REPEAL BILL PASSED.

Senator Stewart and the Populist Vote with the Democrats.

Washington dispatch: The bill repealing in toto all Federal laws regulating the control of Congressional elections has passed both houses of Congress; and only awaits the signature of President Cleveland to become a law. After several weeks of discussion the Senate finally came to a vote on the House bill, and it passed by a vote of 39 yeas to 28 nays. Numerous amendments were presented by the Republicans, but they were voted down by the Democrats not even taking the trouble to join in the debate on the amendatory propositions. Senator Stewart, of Nevada, voted with the Democrats on every proposition, giving as his reasons that he thought the power of the executive was already too great and that the centralizing tendency of the age should be checked at once if the republic is to survive. The three Populists—Senators Allen, Kyle and Peffer—also voted with the Democrats on every amendment, as well as on the main bill. The measure as it passed the Senate is identical with the bill as it passed the House, no committee amendments having been proposed.

JUDGE J. W. PROCTOR, of Glenwood, Fla., was married to Miss Elizabeth Madcock, of Athens, Ga. They had courted by correspondence and had never seen each other before. A DEFICIENCY appropriation of \$400,000 for the expenses of United States courts is being considered by the House Appropriation Committee and will probably be granted. SHERIFF HAMILTON DICKSON was killed near Wharton, Texas, by Bradcock, the murderer of Constable Townsend. Bradcock was at once shot dead by deputies. MRS. ELIZABETH BRYAN and Mrs. Mary I. Fowler, of Potomac, Cal., in fall, charged with the murder of their sister, Mrs. Nancy Megher.

WHEAT TAKES A DROP

CHICAGO'S LOWEST RECORD BEATEN BY THE BEARS.

Many Dealers Caught by the Much-Advertised Bull Raid as the Grain Drops Under 63 Cents for May—Strong People Sell-Out with Heavy Losses.

Took a Sudden Tumble. Tuesday in the Chicago wheat pit was the stormiest for a month past. The whole trade and about nine-tenths of all the people in the country are watching for wheat to take a start toward \$1. They saw it take a drop Tuesday. Until then the low record for May wheat in Chicago under present trading methods was 63 cents. But the record was lowered, as horse men say. There was a smash of over 1 cent in the price when it went to 62 cents and closed at 62 cents.

Wall street sold wheat all day long. But Buxbaum & Co. were among the bulls reported as dumping big blocks of wheat. There was selling out by strong people, with losses ranging from 5 to 15 cents per bushel, because they saw no sign of a turn in the tide. Liverpool was sick and lower foreigners selling at New York, wheat plunging up at the rate of nearly 400,000 bushels a day at primary markets. Contract stocks increased to nearly 19,000,000, and no demand for it, and Baltic ports shipping 3,400,000 for the week in midwinter.

Wheat in Chicago elevators now exceeds the great stocks drawn there by the Harper manipulation by over 6,000,000 bushels. Elevator people have bought the 23,000,000 bushels of wheat there, but speculators are carrying it. Commission houses in many cases are carrying speculators. One big house gave it out that customers have wheat showing losses of 25 cents to 40 cents a bushel. The grain was taken on July contracts around 75 cents early last summer. It was changed to September at about 5 cents loss, changed again to December at another loss, and changed over again to May, the present speculative month, making the wheat represent over \$1 a bushel, whereas it is now under 63 cents. Already the changing to July next has begun. It is a dark outlook for such market as a Chicago correspondent. These are the things which make the recently published fake about a great bull combination in wheat look worse than ridiculous.

DWIGGINS IS WANTED.

To Be Taken to Fowler, Ind., on a Requisition.

Gov. Matthews, of Indiana, has issued a requisition for Zimri Dwiggins, of Chicago.

Dwiggins is wanted at Fowler in the proceedings there growing out of a



ZIMRI DWIGGINS.

legal investigation of his banking methods in Indiana.

FATAL GAS EXPLOSION.

Building Wrecked and Whole Family Killed.

A fatal explosion occurred at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning in Indianapolis an explosion of natural gas demolished the house at 600 Madison avenue, occupied by Louis Keuhler, his wife and four children. Rosa Keuhler, a 12-year-old daughter, was killed outright and the rest were fatally injured. They are Louis Keuhler, Mrs. Keuhler, her wife and three sons, Lu's, Jr., Julius and Charles. The house was a two-story brick and was blown to pieces. The cause of the natural gas explosion is not known. The ruins were immediately enveloped in flames. The fire department was called out, but it was an hour before the last of the injured were extricated from the wreck. Julius and Charles died soon after. The other boy and the parents cannot recover. It is supposed that the gas had accumulated in the cellar and finding its way through the floor above ignited at a gas jet or an open fire-place.

Notes of Current Events.

FRENCHMEN are alarmed to find that there is a sharp decline in the thrift of the republic.

INCANDESCENT lights started a blaze in Omaha, Neb., which did about \$300,000 worth of damage.

GOING to the defense of his mother, dead and dumb James Thompson killed his father at Columbus, Ga.

MR. BLAND introduced in the House a bill providing for the coinage of silver bullion in the treasury.

MRS. LOUISA R. KENT, widow of a Colonel in the war of 1812, died at Chicago. She was 94 years old.

THE report that Netherby had fallen into Rome's net for the interests of Italian Catholics in the western world.

NEGRESS about Monroe, La., have been swindled by an oil warranted to take the kinks out of their hair.

In mangling the parish council bills English Lords destroyed what it took the Commons forty sittings to create.

COLUMBUS was assailed as a fraud and a failure by the Rev. E. C. Towne, in St. Paul's Universalist Church, Chicago.

WRECKED BY A WIND.

GREAT DAMAGE DONE ALL OVER THE WEST.

Houses Unroofed and Off Derivicks and Trees Laid Low in Ohio and Indiana—Deep Snow at Omaha—Floods in the South.

Storm Was General. A terrific windstorm swept over Northern Ohio, leaving a trail of destruction in its wake. In Seneca County fences were laid low, forest trees and orchards destroyed and buildings unroofed, but thus far no person has been reported injured. Telegraph and telephone wires have been blown down and the service is badly crippled. In what is known as the Black Swamp region greater damage was done. At Hicksville the storm raged in all its fury, over the southern portion of DeWitt County, destroying the homes of James Jones and Jasper Bligher, their families barely escaping with their lives. The oil field was also the scene of destruction, and the large seventy-foot derricks erected over the wells were but playthings before the tornado. The storm was accompanied by a deluge of rain—almost a cloudburst. A small frame schoolhouse two miles south of Hicksville was caught by the storm and carried from its foundation. The teacher was just dismissing the scholars. Several of the children were badly bruised, but none seriously injured. The storm followed the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad across Indiana and Ohio, and traveled at the rate of forty-five miles an hour, as reported by the telegraph people. The clouds were scattered as soon as they had gathered, and within ten minutes after the fury of the storm there was a clear sky.

Damage in Indiana.

PERU—Considerable damage was done here by wind from the west, which was almost a cyclone. Several buildings, numerous trees and factory chimneys were blown down. Store fronts were also blown in. FORT WAYNE—At 3 o'clock in the afternoon Fort Wayne was visited by a terrific windstorm. Fifteen minutes before the heavens were clear and the weather was like spring. Clouds began to gather overhead and the afternoon became almost as dark as night. The wind blew a terrific hurricane. Rain and snow came down in torrents. In twenty minutes the hurricane was over. Signs, fences and trees were blown down, but no serious damage or loss of life has been reported.

MICHIGAN CITY—What seemed to be a cyclone passed over this city at about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. It was preceded by a thunder shower. Then a funnel-shaped cloud formed over the city and passed northward with a muffled roar. At the northern outskirts of the town the funnel dropped, sudden earthward, sweeping a pathway through lumberyard, carrying boards and debris of every description, it passed over the Michigan Central and Monon Railway freight yards, lifting half a dozen cars from the tracks and wrecking them.

INDIANAPOLIS—This city was swept by a windstorm that blew twenty-seven miles an hour for a few minutes. Buildings shook and everything loose was driven on before the gale with threatening velocity. Little damage was done here, but the reports from the State show that ruin was wrought in the path of the storm. From the counties north and east of Indianapolis comes the report that houses were unroofed, fences blown away and in some places stretches of forest trees laid flat. At Elwood D. H. Havens was lifted from the top of a low building and pitched to the street on his head. Damage to property occurred at Marion, Peru, Logansport and Kokomo, where roofs were sent hurtling through the night, but no casualties are reported.

In Illinois.

MASCOUTAH—A furious wind-storm prevailed in this section. Fences were swept away and trees blown down. The artesian well frame on Kolb farm blew down. The workmen barely escaped.

NASHVILLE—The heaviest and most destructive wind which has prevailed here in years has been blowing during the entire day, razing fences to the ground and destroying other valuable property throughout the county.

GREENVILLE—A terrific gale swept through this section, doing much damage to trees and buildings. At Smithboro the wall of a brick building in course of construction was blown down, and freight cars on the side track were badly damaged.

At Other Points.

SIoux CITY.—Temperature has fallen 40 degrees in twenty-four hours. A blizzard is raging.

NASHVILLE.—The Cumberland River, owing to heavy rains, continues to rise all the way between this point and Nashville, Ky., the head. The water is fast spreading over the low lands, forcing many families to vacate their homes.

TOPEKA.—A heavy rain fell all over Kansas. Then the temperature fell and the rain turned into snow, which continued throughout the State six hours. In the eastern part the fall was light, but in Western Kansas the snow is very deep in places.

MEMPHIS.—The heavy rains have done much damage in this section. The county bridge crossing Illinois Bayou, near Russellville, Ark., was swept away, and two trestles of the railroad bridge broke loose. Fifty tons of the pontoon bridge crossing on the river at Dardanelle, Ark., were carried away. The Onita coal mines, with an area of over eighty acres under ground, are filled to overflowing.

Sold His Wife for \$10.

James Smith, a well-known character of Middletown, N. Y., married a buxom young woman a year ago. She became tired of him a few weeks ago and expressed a wish to get married to another young man. Smith consented on consideration of a \$10 bill, and the woman was again married last week. Smith was present at the wedding, and being a fine violinist, consented to join the orchestra while the dancing was going on.

ARCTIC whalers report a big season.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

M. E. CHURCH—Rev. S. C. Taylor, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. John Irwin Pastor. Services every Sunday morning and evening at the usual hour. Sunday-school following morning service. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening.

DANISH EV. CHURCH—Rev. A. Benntly Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., and every Thursday at 7:30 p.m. Sunday School at 2 p.m.

METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH—Rev. J. J. Willis, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 6:30 p.m. Sunday-school at 2 p.m.

ST. JAMES CATHOLIC CHURCH—Father H. Wehler, Regular services the last Sunday in each month.

GRAYLING LODGE, No. 44, F. & A. M. Meets in regular communication on Thursday evening on or before the full of the moon. R. D. CONNINE, W. M.

A. TAYLOR, Secretary.

MARVIN POST, No. 240, G. A. R. Meets the second and fourth Saturdays in each month. W. WOODBURY, Post Com.

A. TAYLOR, Adjutant.

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS, No. 164, meets on the 24 and 4th Saturdays at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. ISABEL JONES, President.

REBECCA WRIGHT, Sec.

GRAYLING CHAPTER, R. A. M., No. 137. Meets every third Tuesday in each month.

A. TAYLOR, Sec.

GRAYLING LODGE, I. O. O. F., No. 137. Meets every Tuesday evening.

C. O. McCULLOUGH, N. G.

W. BLANCHARD, Sec.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

JOHN STALEY, C. O. TRENOR, GRAYLING EXCHANGE BANK, GRAYLING, MICH.

A general banking business transacted. Stocks bought and sold on all parts of the market. Loans made on reasonable terms. Collections and deposits. STALEY & TRENOR, Proprietors.

C. W. SMITH, PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, GRAYLING, MICH.

Office and Residence one door south of Methodist Church.

GEO. L. ALEXANDER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ETC.

Pine Lands Bought and Sold on Commission. Non-Residents' Lands Looked After.

GRAYLING, MICH.

Office on Michigan avenue, first door east of the Bank.

O. PALMER, Attorney at Law and Notary.

Collections, conveyancing, payment of taxes and purchase and sale of real estate promptly attended to. Office on Peninsular avenue, opposite the Court House.

GRAYLING, MICH.

GRAYLING HOUSE, FRIES & GERHARDT, Proprietors.

GRAYLING, MICH.

The Grayling House is conveniently situated, being near the depot and business center, is newly built, furnished in first-class style, and heated by steam throughout. Every room will be paid to the comfort of guests. Free sample-rooms for commercial travelers.

F. A. BRIGHAM, (Successor to Frank Petos)

Tonsorial Artist, GRAYLING, MICHIGAN. Shaving and Hair-Cutting done in the Latest Style, and to the satisfaction of all. Shop on corner Michigan Avenue and Railroad Street. Prompt attention given all customers. Oct. 1, '91.

McCULLOUGH'S Livery, Feed and Sale STABLE, GRAYLING, MICHIGAN. First-class rigs at all times. Good horses and drivers for hire. Free on commission, and satisfaction guaranteed. GEORGE STREET, One block north of Pine's store.

CHICAGO HERALD: It is folly to talk of enforcing the compulsory school law. No law can be framed that can be enforced without the creation of an army of spies and detectives that will cost more money and do more mischief than the Hust-

ORIGINAL sin is the cause of the fall of man, and now when a man falls it is the cause of a good deal of original sin.

HARD times are a godsend for those who can endure any sort of hardship except hard work.

TIME's swiftest flight is said to be taken on the wings of a promissory note.



SOME ONE ELSE WAIVES THE DISSEE.

the elbow, which is the easiest sleeve in the world to make. If possible, make it out of white or delicately striped wash silk, or black wash silk will do, with scarlet wash silk belt, collar and cuffs. Its well to have a folded or sash belt, tying with a pretty bow in front to protect the pocket hole. This one design can be duplicated in many materials. It is quick to get into, is easy and looks pretty and trim. Last but not least, you need never worry about the skirt's slipping in the back, that common fault of the old thing, worn about the cause.

An even more simple house-gown is made all in one and quite plain from collar to hem, back and front. It fast-

Seen in the Shops.

Square-cut jacket suits for small boys.

Cashmere wrappers having silk fronts.

Fancy moiré effects in the new ribbons.

Châlots of point d'esprit lace and crepe.

Moiré effects or suggestions in new taffetas.

Pin-dotted changeable satins for fancy waists.

Black and navy shades in men's cravats of all grades.

Black equestrian tights made in the open-seam style.

Low-necked Swiss ribbed undervests for corset covers.

Guessing saques of French twill and printed flannel.

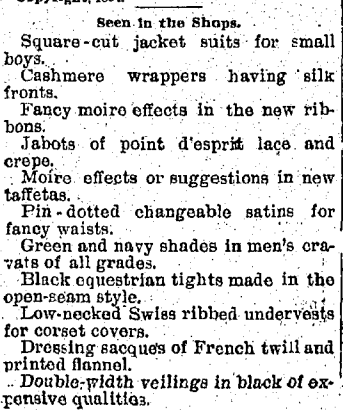
Double-width veillings in black of extensive quantities.

and that the plant will start early in the summer. The company owns nine acres of the finest clay, and the deposit is fifteen feet deep.

SOME hungry thief stole a nice fat ham which was hanging in front of an Iron Mountain butcher shop, but he is probably still as hungry as ever, as ham as his haul is concerned, for the ham he took was one used solely for advertising purposes, and was stuffed with sawdust.

\$147,123.30 to maintain the public schools during 1893. The entire school property is valued at \$513,615.

Next Lesson—"Trial of Abraham's Faith." Gen. xxi: 1-13.



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man a woman's negative.

The Avalanche.

O. PALMER, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.
THURSDAY, FEB. 15, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Grayling, Mich., as second-class matter.

POLITICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Cleveland has signed the bill for the encouragement of fraud and intimidation in Federal elections.

Cleveland has signed the federal election repeal bill and opened the doors to unlimited fraud in future elections in the South.

The repeal of the Federal Election Laws is a notice to the State Legislatures to strengthen, in every direction, the safeguards to the ballot box.

Atlanta, Ga., has extended an invitation to the Grand Army of the Republic to hold their National Encampment in that city in 1895.

In refusing to hold hearings on the Tariff bill, the Senate Finance Committee tacitly declares that it "knows it all."

If free trade makes things cheaper and you have no money to buy with, it will be a great satisfaction to know what you could do if you had the money.—*Wheeling Intelligencer.*

Referring to the amendment frauds, the Free Press says: "This was a good county in which to carry out the steal. It is normally democratic."—*Detroit Journal.*

The pleasant things that are being said about the Wilson bill, by the London papers, do not furnish any reason why the Senate should be in a hurry about passing it.

Duluth having elected a Republican mayor and a Republican Council by an overwhelming majority, proceeded at once to open her workshops and resume business.—*Inter Ocean.*

The redoubtable Mary Ellen Leuss has successfully resisted in the supreme court of Kansas the efforts of Governor or Lewelling to oust her from the presidency of the state board of charities.—*Bay City Tribune.*

Duluth had a mayoralty fight with the tariff issue, and the Wilson bill candidate was turned down by an overwhelming majority. That's the way the tide is running, nowadays.—*Detroit Journal.*

British exports have fallen off \$45,000,000, during the past year, with a reduction of imports amounting to \$90,000,000. Here's free-trade prosperity, with a vengeance.—*Bay City Tribune.*

The damage to the nation during the first year of this "reform" Administration has been greater than the entire debt of the nation, principal and interest, and the Administration has only got its hand in.—*Inter Ocean.*

When the Chicago Convention stigmatized the Sherman act as a "misérable makeshift," and the McKinley law as a "culminating atrocity," it provided two figures of speech that come handy for the purpose of defining the Wilson bill.—*Globe-Democrat.*

To state that the new bonds have been sold is simply to say that Carville has borrowed \$50,000,000 on Sherman's indorsement, and the largest portion of the money came from republicans, who are more patriotic and do not wish to see the government's credit dishonored.

Last Tuesday's verdict in the chief center of democracy was a vindication of Americanism against Clevelandism, of protection against free trade, of the manhood of the electors of New York against the poverty, the misery and the degradation which the Wilson bill would inflict upon the toilers of this country.—*N. Y. Press.*

Harper's Weekly, which has been strongly democratic heretofore, devotes an entire page in its last issue, wallowing over the failures of the democratic party. They must have displayed considerable mechanical ingenuity in condensing such a large quantity of raw material or it would have filled several editions of their journal.

Boss McKane and 21 other election officers of Gravesend, prelate, Kings county, N. Y., were indicted on the 31st inst. for conspiracy. This makes the twelfth indictment against McKane! If justice is meted out to them, the democratic vote in that precinct will be reduced considerably.

The collector's office at Detroit passed into the hands of the democracy, last week, and the mutilated "Union Veterans" had to give way to sympathizers of the other fellows. One of the veterans, O. B. Curtis, has but one arm and had been in the office twenty years, and was considered a very efficient clerk.

The proper thing for the Senate to do is to tack the Hawaiian affair on to the Wilson bill and the income tax and vote for the three in a lump.—*Cincinnati Enquirer (Dem.).*

Burke Cockren, congressman from N. Y., in his speech in favor of the Wilson bill, stated that wages were too high, and that workmen in this country had more comfortable houses and lived better than the Kings of the Middle Ages. There is no reason why they should not, but the majority of the democratic party belong to the slaveocracy of the South, and deem white laborers no better than slaves.

Attorney-General Ellis last Saturday returned to the state treasury the amount paid him on the increase of salaries as per the fraudulent returns made by the republican state canvassing board. The republicans who have received their increase have not yet returned their amount.—*New York Dem.*

It so happens that Ellis and the entire democratic state ticket was elected in 1890, and his increase in salary was voted on in the spring of 1891, this it was a democratic canvassing board who made the "fraudulent returns." Some folks will fall clear over themselves to catch a (political) straw, and break their necks.—*Clipper.*

Our Washington Correspondent says: "It required all the power of the Administration to force the cuckoo Hawaiian resolution, condemning ex-Minister Stevens and approving the Cleveland policy, down the throats of the democrats of the House. Objectors were plainly told that unless they voted for the resolution it would be a waste of time for them to ask the smallest favor of the Administration, and even then it took two days to get a quorum of democrats willing to vote for it on the floor of the House. It was finally passed, but there is not a single man who voted for it who can honestly say he is proud of his vote."

"Mr. Cleveland has never been personally popular with the people of Washington, who are, as a rule, law abiding folk. But if he had been ever so popular, his act in pardoning the most notorious dive keeper in the city, who was serving a term in the work house for selling whisky without a license, would have made him unpopular. The man who was pardoned is the head of a family which has had one hundred and fifty-odd trials in Washington courts, for crimes ranging from murder and burglary down to petty violations of law. The pardon was granted in the face of the objection of every local official to whom the papers were referred."

MICHIGAN CLUB.

THE ANNUAL BANQUET, WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY, WILL BE A GOOD ONE.

The ninth anniversary meeting of the Michigan club will be observed in the following manner: In the evening of Wednesday, February 21st, there will be an annual reception at the club house tendered to such national, state and city officials and other distinguished guests of the club, as may be in the city at the time.

On the day following—Washington's birthday—the club will keep open house as usual, and earnestly requests all members to spend a portion of the day there. A reception committee will be in attendance to welcome the members, and during the afternoon a reception will be tendered to the distinguished guests from Washington and elsewhere, at the residence of General R. A. Alger, near the club house. The usual annual banquet will be held on the evening of February 22d, at the Detroit Auditorium, beginning promptly at 7 o'clock.

The committees having charge of the various arrangements for the annual meeting and banquet have been appointed, and are making effective effort to have the affair pleasant, memorable and productive of good.

The speakers promised are of surpassing excellence. The list includes among others: United States Senator William B. Allison, the leading republican member of the Senate Finance Committee, and the leading American delegate to the recent International Monetary Conference at Brussels, who will speak upon the important subject of "Finance." Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge, the brilliant Massachusetts senator; Hon. John L. Stevens, late Minister to Hawaii, upon whom the present administration has been heaping such unjust abuse, and about whom there exists an interest and curiosity unequalled in modern politics; Hon. John C. Spooner, ex-senator from Wisconsin, who stands almost second to no man as a forcible, logical and brilliant speaker; Hon. Lorin A. Thurston, Hawaiian representative in this country, the coadjutor of President Dole and the provisional government of Hawaii; and Hon. Jonathan P. Dolliver, famed as the most brilliant and impassioned orator in the House of Representatives.

Senator McMillen will preside at the banquet. Mayor Pingree will receive the guests as the chairman of the committee on reception. Governor Rich will receive the guests in the name of the state, and Senator Palmer, Gen. Alger, and other Michigan favorites will be in attendance.

A ticket to the banquet will be furnished to each member in good standing at \$2.00; tickets to seats in the gallery will be sold at \$1.00 each.

The total amount of domestic exports during the calendar year 1893 were \$854,781,601, and the imports \$770,745,681, making a total of exports and imports of \$1,625,527,282, or about one-fourth less than it was under the administration of President Harrison. The striking evidence of change, which the people wanted, is found on every hand, and always to the injury of the country.—*Clipper.*

The Democratic Indianapolis News points with pride and porcupine quills to the fact that the threatened reduction of the duty on tin plates has not yet stopped their manufacture in this country. It finds that a large number of tin plate mills are still running. Isn't there some mistake about this? When before has a democratic paper admitted the fact that there was any tin plate made in the United States? They have been saying for two years or more that all these tin plate mills existed only in the imagination of protectionists. Now, if that is really so, these mills must be running in the imagination of the free traders.—*Det. Journal.*

The opposition to Catholics in office is not confined to the A. P. A. organization. The democrats of Chicago have sent in a remonstrance against the appointment of Martin J. Russell, as collector of Customs at that port, and Frank Lawler, as marshal, because they are Catholics. They cite the fact that the members of that church, although in a great minority in that city, already hold the following: Postmaster, U. S. attorney, appraiser, City Mayor, chief of police, chief of fire department, attorney, clerk of circuit court, half of the circuit court judges, 45 out of 68 aldermen, 90 out of every hundred of the police, 80 out of every 100 in the fire department and 67 out of every 100 of the school teachers.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Governor Rich has filed charges against Secretary of State John M. Sherman, Treasurer Hamblin and Land Commissioner Berry of gross neglect of duty as members of the canvassing board, requiring them to appear before him next Thursday, and answer the charges. A nice state of affairs is being developed in regard to both the canvass of '91 and '93. In Wayne county the most flagrant frauds were committed both years. The Evening News of yesterday shows that with only a portion of the original returns to be found in 8 precincts, 800 votes were added in favor of increasing Attorney-General Ellis' salary from \$800 to \$2,500. These 800, with the 1,000 in Gogebic county, would have defeated the amendment without the Gratiot county returns being thrown out. It is to be hoped that in both cases the guilty parties may be found, convicted and made to suffer a severe penalty, by the democrats or republicans. The investigation before the grand jury at Mason, Ingham county, at the present time it is to be hoped may result in the indictment of the guilty.—*Cheboygan Tribune.*

The Century.

A prominent feature of the midwinter Century is its fiction, which has not a little variety of scene and style. In Mark Twain's novel of "Pudd'nhead Wilson," the action is advanced by a dramatic interview between Tom, the reputed white boy, and his mother, Roxana, the negroess.

February being the birth-month of Lincoln and Washington, the number contains material relating to both. It presents two heretofore unpublished portraits of Washington, one a newly discovered miniature, by Rembrandt, made in October, 1789, and the other a portrait in black-silk embroidery on a white-silk ground, by Rowland, daughter of James Sharpless, the English artist. The contributions relating to art are: Cole's notes on Nicholas Maas, in the series on the Old Dutch Masters, accompanied by an engraving of this artist's "Spinner," made by Cole, in the presence of the original picture at Amsterdam.

Two articles of a unique sort are "The American Tramp at Home," by J. Flynn, which gives the writer's personal experiences among tramps along the line of the New York Central Railway, and which is illustrated by Pape and Baker.

In personal sketches, there are contributions from the late Gen. D. B. Hill, setting forth "The Real Stonewall Jackson," an interesting article on Nikola Tesla, the Serbian-American electrician, by T. Commerford Martin, accompanied by a portrait.

"Hunting with the Chetah" is an out-of-the-way article on sport in India, by J. Fortune Nott, to which Mr. Gilbert Gaul has contributed graphic illustrations.

A diverting article by Washington Gladden relates to "The Myth of Land-Bill Allen," which shows the ease with which large numbers of people are imposed upon by irresponsible statements which they do not take the trouble to challenge.

"Open Letters" contain an article by Walter Camp, on "The Current Criticism of Football," and a paper on "Palms," by the Rev. Dr. J. M. Buckley. Among the contributions to the "Lighter Vein" department, one is by the elder Salvini, entitled "Accidents of the Tragic Stage."

"Hind Sights."

[Air: Yankee Doodle.]

One year ago
We struck the blow
For Grover and Free-Trade;
With loud acclaim,
With streets astir,
With marching and parading,
"Grover, Grover," was our cry,
"Four years more of Grover,
With the Free-Trade flag on high,
Then we'll be in clover."

We little thought
The fight we fought
And won—delusive clover!
Would bring, instead,
But paupers' bread
To men who cried for Grover.
"Grover, Grover," was our cry,
"Four years more of Grover,"
With the Free-Trade flag on high,
The soup house is the clover.

They told us then
We were working men
Were robbed by laws unfeeling;
That day
Has that to say
"The workmen are stealing."
Stealing rides from town to town,
Thinking still of Grover.
Every freight is loaded down,
But none can find the clover.

They told us, too,
How well they knew
"Was for our great promotion,
That goodness be
Adapted to the case."
From lands beyond the ocean,
A million hungry men, since then,
Have thought the whole thing over,
They'll have their say another day
And 'twill be "good-bye" Grover.
M. O. D.

It is announced from Lansing that Gov. Rich will appoint Hon. W. A. French, of Presque Isle, as Commissioner of the State Land Office, in case the office becomes vacant through the salaries muddle.

We have every confidence in Commissioner Berry, and believe that he is merely the victim of most unfortunate circumstances. But should his office become vacant, there is no man in the state better fitted to fill the position than the gentleman whom the Governor is said to have selected, the Hon. W. A. French, of Presque Isle. Mr. French is a thorough business man, and probably no man in Michigan is better posted in regard to the state's public lands. More than this, Mr. French is a man of the most sterling integrity, a quality which appears to be needed in state affairs, at the present time.

We believe that Mr. Berry will be cleared of any responsibility for the salary amendment frauds, and it is to be hoped that he will remain in charge of the state land office, but should there be a vacancy, Mr. French will be the right man in the right place, if appointed to fill the position.—*Alpena Pioneer.*

In response to the demands of the south and the Tammany thieves of New York, the Federal Election laws have been repealed by a democratic congress. Every part of the Federal machinery devised to make operative the Federal constitution relative to franchise rights has been destroyed. The democratic party goes on record as having declared to the country that the Federal government shall have no supervisory powers in Federal elections; that no matter how much the rights of voters may be abridged in the south, no matter how gross the frauds may be in New York, no matter how rotten may be the elections anywhere, the Federal government shall have nothing to do or say about these wicked abuses, or have any power, whatever, to prevent or correct them.—*Detroit Journal.*

The farmers of the country have probably made a note of the fact that the price of wheat in New York on Tuesday of this week was the lowest that was ever before recorded for any sale of the cereal in that city, according to the showing of existing statistics. In short, it may be said that the wheat market has gone democratic by a large majority.—*Detroit Journal.*

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by L. FOURNIER, Druggist.

All Free.
Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the nearest Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklin & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. L. Fournier's Drug Store.

The New York Weekly Press and the AVALANCHE will be furnished our subscribers for \$1.30 and the Detroit Weekly Tribune and the AVALANCHE for \$1.30.

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our SOUVENIR PORTFOLIO OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION, the regular price is fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art, and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address H. E. BUCKLIN & CO., Chicago, Ill.

ACCIDENTAL DEATHS.

Caused by Carelessness.
The majority of people die sooner than they should. Evidence of this fact is growing daily. Warning says: "Disease is not a consequence of life; it is due to unnatural conditions of living—neglect, abuse, want." Dr. Stephen Smith, on the same subject, says: "Man is born to health and long life; disease is unnatural, death, except from old age, is accidental, and both are preventable by human agencies." This is almost invariably true of death resulting from heart disease. Careless over-exertion, immoderate use of tea, coffee, tobacco, alcohol or other stimulants are generally the causes of this difficulty, and indifference to its progress results in sudden death, or long sickness ending in death. By the newspapers it can be seen that many prominent and hundreds of persons in private life die from heart disease every day.

If you have any of the following symptoms: shortness of breath, palpitation, irregular pulse, fainting, dizziness, nervousness, pain in shoulder, side, or arm, swollen ankles, etc., begin treatment immediately for heart disease. If you delay, the consequences may be serious.
For over 20 years Dr. Franklin Miles, the eminent specialist, has made a profound study of heart disease, its causes and cure, and many of the leading discoveries in that direction are due to him. His New Heart Cure is absolutely the only reliable remedy for the cure of heart disease, as is proved by thousands of testimonials from grateful persons who have used it.
James A. Pahn, editor of the *Corry, Pa. Leader*, states: "After an apparent recovery from three months of a rupture, I fell on the street unconscious from heart disease. In one month from that time I was unable to walk across my room, and my pulse beat 180 times a minute. I then used Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and at once became stronger. After using six bottles I was able to work as usual and walk a mile every day, my pulse ranging from 118 to 120. Dr. Miles' remedy is not only a preventive but a cure."
Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure is sold by druggists on a positive guarantee, or by Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, \$1 per bottle, six for \$5. Sent by mail, \$10. It is positively free from opiates or dangerous drugs. Dr. Miles' Pills, 25 cents. Free book at druggists, or by mail.

For sale by L. Fournier & Fournier.

\$5,000 REWARD!

THE SHERIFF will please arrest every person suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum and all Blood and Kidney and Liver diseases and take them to the drug store of either Harry Evans or L. Fournier & Fournier and compel them to buy a bottle of Australian Blood Purifier, as that is the latest and greatest known Blood Purifier. It never fails to restore your health when used according to directions. If you are troubled with Catarrh of the Bladder, or any other disease of the urinary system, or if you are 50 years of age or older, we guarantee a cure or money refunded.
GREAT AUSTRALIAN MEDICINE CO.,
Feb. 1, 1894.
NORRIS BRANCH, Mich.

FALL FASHIONS!

For Fall and Winter Suitings, go to the Rooms of

J. GIBBONS & SON,
FASHIONABLE TAILORS.

Buttons made to order. Shop on corner of Cedar St. and Michigan Av., up stairs. Rear of J. K. Wright's Law Office.

DR. WINCHELL'S TEETHING SYRUP

Is the best medicine for all diseases incident to children. It regulates the bowels, assists digestion; cures diarrhea and dysentery in the worst cases; cures colic and soothes all pain; prevents the eruption of the teeth; cures all colic; does not fatigue yourself and child with sleepless nights when it is within your reach to cure your child and save your own strength.
Dr. Jaeger's German Worm Cakes destroy worms & remove them from the system. Prepared by Emmert Proprietary Co., Chicago, Ill.

For sale by H. W. Evans.

Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE, GRAYLING, MICH., January 8, 1894.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, at Grayling, Mich., on February 11, 1894, to wit: Oscar Palmer, Homestead application No. 4939, for the S. E. 1/4 Sec. 31, T. 27 N. R. 3 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence on and cultivation of said land, viz: Peter Aebi, of Alpena, Mich.; Fred Rosell, of Alpena, Mich.; Thomas Webster, of Grayling, Mich.; John Leese, of Grayling, Mich.

January 11th, '94. OSCAR PALMER, Register.

YOU CAN CURE THAT COUGH WITH ELLER'S TAR AND WILD CHERRY

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.
Eller's Daylight Liver Pills
A small vegetable pill. Cures Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

For sale by H. W. Evans.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE

The Florist's Catalogue of Vegetables and Flowers. Contains 112 pages 8x10 1/2 inches with descriptions that describe, not mislead; illustrations that instruct, not exaggerate.
The cover is charming in harmonious blending of water color prints in green and white, with a gold background—a dream of beauty. 32 pages of Novelties printed in 4 different colors. All the leading novelties and the best of the old varieties. These hard times you cannot afford to run your risk. Buy VICK'S GUIDE where you will receive FULL MEASURE. It is not necessary to advertise that Vick's seeds grow, this is known to all who are gardeners, and also that the harvest pays. A very little spent for proper seed will save grocers and dry goods bills. Many concede Vick's Floral Guide the handsomest catalogue for the season. If you love a fine garden send address now, with 10 cents, and you will receive from first order. \$500 Cash Price for Potatoes.
Rochester, N. Y. JAMES VICK'S SONS.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A Simple and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Ointment, and Pills. Doses of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It is an absolute cure with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, cancerous. Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee a cure. No matter how long you have suffered, if you use our medicine, you will receive FULL MEASURE. It is not necessary to advertise that Vick's seeds grow, this is known to all who are gardeners, and also that the harvest pays. A very little spent for proper seed will save grocers and dry goods bills. Many concede Vick's Floral Guide the handsomest catalogue for the season. If you love a fine garden send address now, with 10 cents, and you will receive from first order. \$500 Cash Price for Potatoes.
Rochester, N. Y. JAMES VICK'S SONS.

H. EVANS, the Druggist,
GRAYLING, MICH.

Fournier's Drug Store.

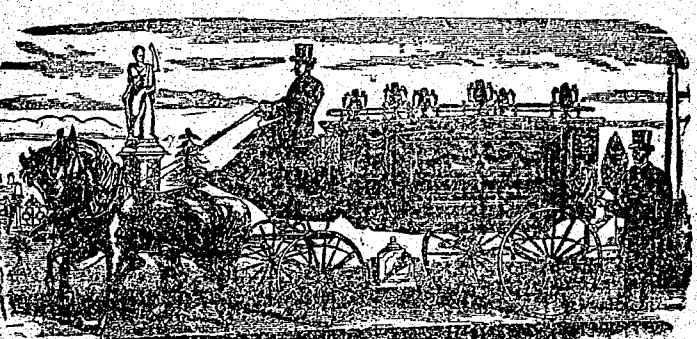
When you are need of anything in the line of
DRUGS, MEDICINES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES, BOOKS, STATIONERY,
CONFECTIONERY AND TOILET ARTICLES,
It will pay you to call at the CORNER DRUG STORE.

FINE TOBACCOS AND CIGARS, A SPECIALTY.

Physician's Prescriptions carefully compounded at
ALL HOURS, by a competent druggist.

LORANGER & FOURNIER,
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

UNDERTAKING! UNDERTAKING!



AT BRADEN & FORBE'S FURNITURE ROOMS!

Will be found at all times a full line of CLOTH and WOOD CASES and BURIAL CASES, Ladies', Gents' and Children's ROBES. A good HEARSE will be sent to any part of the country FREE. Especial attention given to embalming or preserving corpses.

HARRY W. EVANS,

[Successor to LARABEE,]

—DEALER IN—

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Chemicals,

Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Etc.

CONFECTIONERY; CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Also a full line of Stationery, School Tablets, &c., &c.

Great SLAUGHTER!!

TO REDUCE OUR STOCK OF
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, &c., &c.

We will offer our entire stock, which is comprised of the best goods money can buy, at less THAN ACTUAL COST.

Here are a few bargains:

Usters worth \$9.00 for \$6.49.
Suits " 12.50 for 7.49.
" " 8.00 for 4.25.
" " 12.50 for 8.00.

These are bargains which will go fast, so be among the first. This is no advertisement, but a genuine SLAUGHTER SALE.

R. MEYER & CO.
Conner Building, Grayling, Mich.

*REAL * ESTATE * EXCHANGE.*

I HAVE several pieces of Real Estate for sale or exchange, that will offer good margin to investors.

AMONG THEM ARE THE FOLLOWING:

A Cheap House and desirable Lot on Cedar Street.
The vacant lot on corner of Cedar and Ottawa Streets.
Two vacant lots on Peninsular Avenue. Very desirable.
Two lots corner of Ottawa and Maple Streets.
Several choice lots on Brink's addition.
GOOD HOUSE, TWO LOTS, BARN, FINE SHRUBBERY, etc., corner Peninsular Avenue and Ogeunaw Street. Cheap.
A number of good farms.
Six Houses and Lots in Jonesville.
Fine Brick Store in Hudson.
Any of the above property will be sold on terms to suit purchasers, or exchanged for other property.
Jan 23, 1894.

O. PALMER.

The Avalanche.

J. C. HANSON, LOCAL EDITOR.
THURSDAY, FEB. 16, 1894.

LOCAL ITEMS

Sage Kraut at Claggett & Pringle's.

Wm. Woodburn, Esq., went to Roscommon, last Tuesday.

For fresh Apples, Bananas and Oranges, go to C. Wight's restaurant.

H. Hanson and D. Trotter went to Bay City, last Monday, on business.

School tablets and supplies at Fournier's drug store.

A. H. Marsh was looking around Houghton Lake, last week.

A. H. Wiser, of Center Plains, was in town, last Monday.

A fine line of chest protectors, at Fournier's drug store.

M. S. Hartwick was at Houghton Lake and Roscommon, last week.

Salt white fish and mackerel at Claggett & Pringle's.

Rev. S. G. Taylor returned from Bay City, last Saturday evening.

For California fruit, all kinds, go to Wight's restaurant.

John Ballard is enjoying a visit from his daughter from Chesaning.

Go to Claggett & Pringle's for pure buck-wheat flour.

M. S. Hartwick was in Roscommon, last Thursday.

For toilet preparations, go to the store of Harry W. Evans.

J. E. McKnight went to Fife Lake, last Thursday.

Old pop corn, sure to pop, at Claggett & Pringle's.

The sidewalk in front of the burnt district, or block, has been repaired.

O. Palmer went to Roscommon, last Thursday, on business.

See new advertisement of the New Boston Store, in another column.

The work of cleaning up the burnt district is progressing.

Blank Camp Orders or Time Checks and receipts for sale at this office.

County Clerk Hartwick was in Roscommon, last Thursday.

Prof. Benkelman had an attack of LaGrippe, last week.

Imported Crystallized Fruits, only 50 cents per pound, at Fournier's Drug Store.

M. J. Connine, Esq., of Osoda, was in attendance at the session of the Circuit Court, this week.

For School Supplies, Tablets, Pencils, etc., call at the Drug Store of Harry W. Evans.

Fred Havens has taken the Bass Drum in the Grayling Cornet Band and Johnnie Larson, the tenor.

The finest organ in town, can be seen at the residence of J. C. Hanson. Call and see it. Easy terms to right purchaser.

Ask to see the famous T. I. C. combination hot water bottles at Fournier's drug store.

L. O. Coulter is painting the remodeled workwork of the Bank, this week.

Go to Claggett & Pringle's for nice fresh canned goods. They have the best.

Miss Carrie Crouch returned from her visit at Elk Rapids, with friends, last Tuesday.

All plush caps, at the store of S. H. & Co., are sold at one quarter off. Come and get one.

The Ladies of the Presbyterian L. A. Society will meet at the church parlors, on Friday afternoon, for work.

Try Claggett & Pringle's 35 cent tea, 3 lbs for \$1.00.

I. and A. Rosenthal had the pleasure of entertaining their brother, last Sunday, who lives at Gaylord.

Aunt Jimmie's Pancake Flour is here, something new, very nice, try it. For sale by Claggett & Pringle.

The Epworth League did not meet on Monday night, on account of the inclemency of the weather.

Mrs. John Hanson, of Grayling, is visiting Mrs. H. A. Bauman, at Lewiston Journal.

Aunt Jimmie's Pancake Flour is all the rage. For sale by Claggett & Pringle.

Frank Mickelson returned from his trip through the Southern States, last Thursday morning.

Lawney's celebrated Caramels, only 30 cents per pound, at Fournier's Drug Store.

H. Zieres has moved his residence and cigar factory to Love's building, on Cedar Street.

BORN—Sunday, Feb. 11th, in this village, to Mr. and Mrs. Levi Clement, a daughter.

J. E. McKnight has gone out of the market business. Want of good room is the reason.

Mrs. F. Peck, of West Branch, attended the funeral of her sister, Mrs. Johnson, at Pere Cheney, last week.

Mr. Peck was badly crippled in a lumber camp, while skidding timber, and was unable to be present.

Go to Claggett & Pringle's, for nice fresh canned goods, New Stock, just in.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Dr. E. M. Roffe, of Clyde, is expected soon, and we may then look for a new building on the corner.

J. M. Francis, of this and Roscommon counties, has moved his family to Roscommon.

The New Boston Store will sell goods at lower prices than purchasers ever expected to get them.

Cheboygan had a fire, last Friday. Loss not large. Water caused more damage than the fire.

Ladies looking for a fine pair of Slippers for their husbands, or sweethearts, will find them at Claggett & Pringle's.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bauman, of Lewiston, were the guests of her parents, over Sunday.

For fresh Crackers, Cookies, Bread and Confectionery, go to C. W. Wight's restaurant. He has just received a large assortment.

Regular communication of Grayling Lodge, No. 356, F. & A. M., this evening.

Claggett & Pringle offer their entire stock of hats and caps, at one third off the regular price to close them out. Please don't forget this.

Regular meeting of Grayling Chapter, No. 120, R. A. M., next Tuesday evening, the 20th, at the usual hour.

S. H. & Co., have the biggest line of fancy pants in town. You can buy them at your own price. Come and examine them.

The new saw mill started up once more, last week, giving employment to several of our unemployed mill hands.

Dr. Lowanda extracted 731 teeth while in Roscommon. The people of that burg have to gun it now.

J. J. Neiderer and F. F. Hoelsli, of Blaine, and H. Schreiber, of Grove, were in town, Saturday.

The ladies of Alpena are so matrimonially aggressive, that the men have organized a society for protection.

J. M. Jones is having a run on River Boots, at present, that keeps C. O. pegging away for all that there is in it.

Mrs. R. Hanson and Mrs. Hanson's mother, of Grayling, were visiting friends in town, this week.—Lewiston Journal.

E. H. Osborne, of Frederic, was in town, Tuesday. He reported the cold and wind very severe the day before.

Henry J. Young has bought the contract of Mr. Brown for the purchase of the Commercial House, and taken possession.

Mrs. J. K. Wright is rapidly recovering from her accident, the fractured bone uniting kindly, so that she will soon be able to be out.

The change in the R. R. time card, which went into effect last Sunday, only relates to the night train, South, which is about two hours later.

Regular meeting of Grayling Chapter, No. 83, Order of Eastern Star, next Monday evening, the 19th, at the usual hour.

The Bay City Tribune gives the name of E. L. Barker as a prominent "Shiner," at the convocation in that city last week.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church meets to-morrow afternoon for work, at the residence of Mrs. L. S. Benson.

The Roscommon News says that a dispute between E. Carpenter and a dog that could talk Swedish, ended very disastrously for the dog, occurred in that place, last week.

Mrs. Jones, of Grayling, is in town, looking after the interests of the Woman's Relief Corps, with a view to organizing a corps here in the near future.—Ros. Democrat.

Rev. E. H. Inman, Baptist clergyman at Centerville, Mich., says he has never found an equal to "Adironda." Wheeler's Heart and Nerve Cure. Sold by Lorange & Fournier.

N. B. Carlstein, of Bay City, was in town, last week, looking after things at the Boston Store. It is said the proprietors of the Boston Store have an eye on the burnt block property.

DIED—On the 11th inst, AMELIA, wife of Ole Hanson, aged 52 years. Funeral services were held at the Lutheran church, on Tuesday, Rev. Heritzky, officiating.

The weather last Monday was disagreeable, but North and South the storm was severe. Trains were all taken off, and the evening train laid over until next day.

J. H. Pinkerton went to Grayling, Tuesday, but at the time of going to press, we were not able to ascertain why he went down there.—Lewiston Journal.

Only a few suits of children and men's clothing left at the store of S. H. & Co. We must close them out at any price. Come and make your selection.

Marshall Moore, of Center Plains, was in town, last Tuesday, and made us a pleasant call. He may locate in Grayling, in the Spring, if the prospects for work at painting, paper hanging, etc., should look favorable.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Most Perfect Made.

We desire to return our sincere and heartfelt thanks to our neighbors and friends who so kindly assisted in laying our beloved wife and daughter to rest and the flowers so kindly given.

DENNIS JOHNSON,
JOSEPH SEWELL.

Last week Salling, Hanson & Co., of Grayling, cut the largest tree that has ever been cut in that section of the country. It was a cork pine, measured 100 feet in length, was 54 inches in diameter, at the butt, and the total scale was about 7,000.—Det. Journal.

One of Maple Forest's citizens came to town, last Thursday, and filled up on Grayling budge, with a pugnacious edge, and got into a scrapping match with the tender. As usual, the vendor came out on top, as budge, after repeated doses, has a sickening effect and the drinker is easily put to sleep.

The largest load of logs ever put in for Salling, Hanson & Co., was drawn at London's camp, by one pair of horses, for two miles, on a road that had not been used this winter. There were 16 logs and they scaled 16,000 feet. Who can beat it?

If you are wandering around town these hard times, with a dollar in your pocket you want to invest where it will buy the most goods, drop in at Claggett & Pringle's. They will give you good values and send you home happy.

Several of our prominent citizens went to Bay City, last Wednesday, to become members of the "Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and were seen marching in the rear of a large white elephant, named "Ko-Ko," driven by Griff Lewis, of Bay City. They went to Bay City for amusement, and, from all reports, they had it.

Edwin Harbint, who has been laid up for some weeks at the residence of his brother-in-law, Jas. Revell, with a broken leg, appeared on the streets, this week, for the first time. He is getting along nicely, but will have to use the crutches for some time yet.—Ros. News.

The W. R. C. will hold a public meeting at the M. E. church, to-morrow evening, to which all are invited. Mrs. Alascha Bliss, department president, will be present, and deliver an address. A general meeting of the members of the Corps and G. A. R., with their families, will be held at W. R. C. hall at 5:30 after the arrival of the train, at which lunch will be served, and then go from there to the church. Music and patriotic speeches will be the order of exercises.

No more furniture given away by S. H. & Co. But watch the locals, we are making arrangements with manufacturers for a still greater gift, which we in a short time will be pleased to distribute among our customers.

Circuit Court.

Court was called on time Tuesday morning, with Judge Sharpe on the bench, and Stenographer Harting present for the first time in nearly a year, having been on the sick list for several months.

The case of the People vs. Charles R. Wallace, for violation of the liquor law, was tried and the defendant convicted and fined \$50.00 and \$18.00, costs of suit, or sixty days in jail. He paid.

The case of Mary Slight vs. The Superintendents of the Poor was continued, as was also the log lien case of Metcalf vs. Peterson.

L. Ostrander was given a writ of mandamus to compel the Assessor of School Dist. No. 4, of Ball, to pay certain orders.

Divorces were granted in Ross vs. Ross and Rowley vs. Rowley.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Grayling, for the week ending Feb. 10, '94. Dades, Miss Lou. Gie. Lorenzo. Fell. John. Gower, Robert. Wilkinson, Mrs. Ida.

Persons calling for any of the above letters, will please say "Advertised." W. O. BRADEN, P. M.

Died.

On Wednesday, the 7th inst., at Pere Cheney, Louisa, wife of Dennis Johnson, aged 33 years.

She was one of triplets, born to Joseph and Eliza Sewell in Stockbridge, Mich. She was married in October, 1873 and came to this county twelve years ago, and settled in Pere Cheney. She leaves a bereaved husband, an aged father, and a number of brothers and sisters to mourn her loss.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Wood For Sale.

P. J. Mosher has a large quantity of wood for sale, Maple, Tamarack and Pine, delivered anywhere in town on call.

Is Marriage a Failure?

Have you been trying to get the best out of existence without health in your family? Have you been wearing out your life from the effects of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Indigestion? Don't do it. Bacon's Celery King has cured others; it will cure you. Trial package free. Large sizes 50c and 25c at L. Fournier's.

Worth Knowing.

Many thousands of people have found a friend in Bacon's Celery King. If you have never used this great specific for the prevailing maladies of the age, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, Constiveness, Nervous Exhaustion, Nervous Prostration, Sleeplessness and all diseases arising from derangement of the stomach, liver and kidneys, we would be pleased to give you a package of this great nerve tonic free of charge. L. Fournier.

Shortsightedness.

To waste your money on vile, dirty, watery mixtures, compounded by inexperienced persons, when you have the opportunity of testing Otto's Cure free of charge. Why will you continue to irritate your throat and lungs with that terrible hacking cough, when L. Fournier will furnish you a free sample bottle of this great guaranteed remedy? Hold a bottle of Otto's Cure to the light and observe its beautiful golden color and thick heavy syrup. Largest packages and purest goods. Large bottles 50c and 25c.

Dr. John Cole, V. S.

ALL parties desiring to employ the services of a first-class Veterinary Surgeon, call on me at my residence one door north of Town Hall. Calls promptly attended day or night. Office at residence.

How to Cure a Cold.

Simply take Otto's Cure. We know of its astonishing cures and that it will stop a cough quicker than any known remedy.

If you have Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, or any disease of the throat and lungs, a few doses of this great guaranteed remedy will surprise you.

If you wish to try, call at our store and we will be pleased to furnish you a bottle free of cost, and that will prove our assertion. L. Fournier.

The X. P. S. C. E. of Havre, Montana, issue a small monthly paper devoted to its interests, of which we have received a copy. From it, we learn that Rev. N. J. Geyer, formerly of this place, is treasurer and Mrs. N. J. Geyer is Cor. Secretary. We wish it all manner of success.

The World's Fair for Sale.

LOOK AT IT! The Michigan Central has arranged with one of the best publishing houses in the United States for a beautifully printed series of World's Fair pictures, to be known as the Michigan Central's Portfolio of Photographs of the World's Fair.

The original photographs would cost not less than a dollar apiece, but the Michigan Central enables you to get 16 pictures for 10 cents.

It's the finest. It's the most complete.

It's the best. It cannot be beaten. If you saw the World's Fair, you want it as a perpetual souvenir of a memorable visit.

If you didn't get there, you want this to see what you missed, and to fill your mind with its beauty and glory of the World's Fair.

Call on the nearest Michigan Central ticket agent and he will furnish you with the first part and tell you more about it.

Feb. 8, 4t.

Last Thursday night, at the regular meeting of Rudbeck Post, No. 224, G. A. R., the matter of the annual reunion of the Northern Michigan Soldiers' and Sailors' association, which is to be held this year in this city, was brought up and informally discussed by the veterans present. The expression of all was in favor of getting at work at an early day to prepare for making the reunion a grand success.

A meeting of the executive committee will soon be held to appoint the several committees and set the ball rolling.—Cheboygan Tribune.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away

is the truthful, startling title of a little book that tells about No. 10, the wonderful, harmless GUARANTEED tobacco habit cure. The cure is trifling and the man who wants to quit and earn more money and live longer, is using "No. 10." Sold by Lorange & Fournier.

Book at Drug Stores or by mail free. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

ADIRONDA

Wheeler's Heart Cure

AND Nerve

—Positively Cures—

HEART DISEASE, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,

Sleeplessness and all derangements of the Nervous System.

UNEXCELLED FOR INFANTS! A Blessed Boon For Tired Mothers' and Restless Babies.

Purely Vegetable. Guaranteed free from OPIATES.

100 Full Size Doses, 50 Cts.

Rev. R. Middleton, Pastor M. E. Church, Cedar Springs, Mich., says: Sleep and rest were restored to me after purchasing and using "Adironda." Now I sleep soundly and awake refreshed and feel heartily recommended.

Wheeler's Heart Cure. Sold by L. Fournier, Druggist, Grayling, Michigan.

THE END!!

OUR SLAUGHTER SALE ENDS THE

24th of this Month.

Hurry Along and Take Advantage of

THE BARGAINS STILL LEFT.

IKE ROSENTHAL.

Clothing, Dry Goods, Hats, Furnishing

Goods, Trunks, Cloaks, &c.

GRAND RAPIDS

And Indiana Railroad

DIRECT ROUTE TO THE SOUTH.

TIME CARD, DEC. 24, 1893.

Leave Mack. City 1:30 p.m.; 7:40 a.m. Arr. Grand Rapids 10:30 p.m.; 5:15 p.m.; 6:50 a.m. Kalamazoo 12:35 a.m.; 8:00 p.m.; 6:45 a.m. Chicago 7:45 a.m.; 7:05 a.m.; 4:30 a.m. Port Wayne, Cincinnati, 1:50 p.m.; 12:10 p.m. 7:40 a.m. Train daily ex. Sunday with Sleeping Car from Grand Rapids to Cincinnati, 1:30 p.m. Trains arrive at Mackinaw City from the South at 7:30 a.m., and 8:15 p.m.

For information apply to C. L. LOCKWOOD, G. P. & T. A., Grand Rapids, Mich. L. H. ACCARD, Agent, Mackinaw City, Mich.

Dr. C. F. METCALF, Dentist,

1463 WOODWARD AVE., DETROIT.

WILL visit Grayling, one week every three months.

NEXT TRIP, DEC. 25TH to 31ST.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the U. S. DEPT. OF COMMERCE, Bureau of Census, and is the only one of its kind in the world.

Do You Ride a Victor?

If you ride why not ride the best? There is but one best and it's a Victor.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO.

BOSTON, WASHINGTON, DENVER, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEW LIFE

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment is sold under positive written guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Loss of Brain and Nerve Power, Lost Manhood, Chlorosis, Night Sweats, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drums, Loss of Power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion, Venereal Eruptions, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, which soon lead to Migraine, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail, \$1.00. 50c for 25c. With written guarantee to cure or refund money. WEST'S COUGH SYRUP, a certain cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat. Pleasant to take. Small size discontinued. Old 6c size, now 5c. Old 12c size, now 10c. GUARANTEED SELL ONLY BY

H. EVANS, the Druggist,

GRAYLING, MICH.

UNCLE SAM'S Condition Powder

IS THE BEST MEDICINE for the General Ailments of Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Sheep. It purifies the blood, prevents distemper, colic, and all other diseases of the digestive system. Nothing equals it for Hogs, Cholera, Hoof and Sore, in honest packers, used and warranted for over twenty years. Everyone owning a horse or cattle should have this. Made by EXETER PROPRIETARY CO., Chicago, Ill. Uncle Sam's Almanac and Farmer Jones' Horse Deal mailed free.

Uncle Sam's Nerve and Bone Liniment for Sprains, Bruises, Rheumatism, Stiff Joints, etc. Good right to the spot of pain. Nothing so good for Man and Animal. Try it.

For sale by H. W. Evans.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

\$5, \$4 and \$3.50 Dress Shoe. \$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. \$2.50, \$2 for Workingmen. \$2 and \$1.75 for Boys.

LADIES AND MISSES,

\$3, \$2.50 \$2, \$1.75

CAUTION—If any dealer offers you W. L. Douglas shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without the name stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.

THIS IS THE BEST \$3 SHOE IN THE WORLD

W. L. DOUGLAS Shoes are stylish, easy fitting, and give better satisfaction at the prices advertised than any other make. Try one pair and be convinced. The stamping of W. L. Douglas's name and price on the bottom, which guarantees their value, saves thousands of dollars annually to those who wear them. Dealers who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a low profit, and we believe you can save money by buying at your favorite of the dealer, as listed below. Catalogue free upon application. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by **CLAGGETT & PRINGLE.**

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Modest Fees. Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure Patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of clerks in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

LOST MANHOOD

Really, Quickly and Permanently Restored. Obsolete English Remedy.

NERVIA.

It is sold on a positive guarantee to cure any form of nervous prostration, or any disorder of the general organs of either sex. Before by excessive use of After Tobacco, Alcohol or Opium, or on account of youthful indiscretion or over indulgence etc. Dizziness, Convulsions, Wakefulness, Headache, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, Weak Memory, Bearing Down Pains, Seminal Weakness, Erysipela, Nocturnal Emissions, Spermatorrhoea, Loss of Force and Impotency, which if neglected may lead to premature old age and insanity.

Positively guaranteed.

The Avalanche

O. PALMER, Publisher.
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

PREVENTS SMALL-POX

HOW THE IVORY VACCINE POINTS ARE PRODUCED.

Something of the Curious Process by Which the Lymph Is Transferred from the Leg of a Cow to the Arm of a Human—How the Points Are Made Safe.

Wards Off Disease.

The production of vaccine virus is a curious but very simple proceeding. It is generally known that the virus is obtained from cows, and there are a number of vaccine "farms," as they are called in this country. In order to secure all the vaccine when mature, and to make a vaccine work, the cows are placed in stalls, with the movements of their hind limbs carefully impeded. A pole is placed in slanting position on each side of the hind foot and the animal cannot step about to any great extent. Then the operator shaves all the hair from the back part of the hind legs, from the hips down to the knee joint. In the broader portions of this part of the anatomy there are located the milk glands, and it is there the propagator proposes to secure his lymph.

The shaven parts are sponged off



A VACCINE "FARM."

cleanly and then marked with numerous little scarifications. Into these little cuts, placed a portion of warm fluid lymph, taken from a cow in the advanced stages of the production, is poured, being gently and persistently rubbed by the operator till he is satisfied all the lymph has been absorbed.

Then the animal is placed on an elevated platform and made entirely comfortable while the disease progresses. The little cuts first seem to heal over. Then in a few days the scabs grow larger and larger till they extend almost over the entire hind portion of the leg. In seven days the cow is ready for the next operation. The affected part is darker and each little point of scarification is swollen and raised, like a blister, with a bit of depression in the center.

The blister is punctured or in some cases removed. Underneath lies the liquid serum or vaccine lymph, as it is called. Then upon the ordinary ivory points, which are now generally used, the operator gathers his store. He does it simply by dipping the point in the spot of serum, before him and laying them down in order on a tray which he holds in his lap as he sits behind the animal.

The parts treated will continue to secrete lymph for several days, when the secretion comes more and more slowly, dries up, and clogs the channels through which it has flown, and finally subsides to a scab. Four or five days later this is ready to be removed. There is in it a small quantity of real lymph, but there is more of hair, membrane and other foreign material. That gathered on the ivory points is pure and contains no other substance. But of this latter much vaccinating material is made. After being thoroughly dried the ivory points are put up in packages of ten and are made proof against either air or water. They are then ready for the market. The product secured from the last day "scab" is also prepared by pulverizing. It has a certain strength and commands a ready sale.

There are a good many ways to make a point safe. It sometimes happens that a cow will not produce active lymph. No matter how well the blisters may appear they will not yield a virus that will prevent small-pox. No one can tell by looking at a cow whether her products will prove effective. It is like certain persons upon whom no amount of vaccination will "take." To provide against any loss on this account, points are dipped often in the lymph of two cows. It is not likely two will be found standing together neither of which is good. And these points are marked with a double X, and are sold at a higher price. And still others are dipped in the lymph of three cows, marked with three Xs, and sold at a still higher price. They can hardly fail of effectiveness. The ivory points are treated chemically before being used, that no disease-extending qualities may lie in ambush there.

One large cow has room enough for a dozen scarifications. In some cases there are even more. And from each blister a score of points may be loaded. There is no bad effect so far as the cow is concerned. She will never be of any account as a producer of lymph, or not one cow in a hundred may be so used. But she will still be as good a milk cow as she ever was. And even while she is under the treatment she seems to suffer but little. She becomes feverish, just as does the victim of vaccination. But she mends in a few days, and her milk is always used again as soon as she has been dried away from the stalls. Vaccine points should always be fresh. Their potency dies in a year to a great extent.

THE SAUSAGE.

One of the Daintiest and Most Delicious Foods.

Breakfast sausage is it commonly appears in our markets is a very coarse article, and has well earned its reputation for doubtful ingredients. Even where the meat used is without doubt pork, the poorest cuts and pieces, which would not be considered fit for any other purpose, are ground into sausages. It is a common thing for butchers with an eye to economy to use up their tainted pork in this way. There are certain farms, it is true, which furnish sausages that are without suspicion; but the price charged is about double what the sausage would cost when made at home. It is no more trouble, if there is a good meat-chopper in the house, to make them at home than it is to make croquettes, or hash. The meat-chopper, moreover, is a very useful utensil for other purposes—chopping croquettes and meat for salads and hashes; and it is especially valuable for chopping raw meats for soups. These ought to be chopped in order to extract the full value of the juices. Such a meat-chopper for family use will cost about \$2.50. A week's supply of sausage meat can be easily made at once. When properly packed in a broad-mouthed jar, with a layer of lard on top, it will keep perfectly in a cold place; but it should be made as often as once a week to be in perfection.

A simple rule for sausage meat calls for seven and a half pounds of lean pork (or sometimes, "for a change," half lean veal); two and a

half pounds of fat pork; three ounces of salt; half an ounce of summer savory; three-quarters of an ounce of sage, and an ounce of ground pepper. Chop the meat thoroughly, add the seasoning, mix in with the hands, and chop again. Sausage meat like this is much better than when it is packed in little cases, as it usually is in the butchers' shops.

The ordinary way of frying sausages is not the best way of cooking them. A far better one is to put them in the oven on an ordinary baking tin, turning them from one side to another until they are brown on both sides. In a hot oven they will cook in this way in ten or fifteen minutes. If they are in cases they should be pricked thoroughly to prevent them from bursting under the heat. When sausage meat is used cut it into squares or form it into round cakes about three-quarters of an inch thick, and let it cook in the same way. The French use the richest Spanish and Madeira sauces with sausages. A little chopped onion, in the proportion of a tablespoonful to a pound of sausage meat, may be browned and sprinkled over the sausages just before they are put in the oven. If the sausages are then served with a rich, brown sauce and a sprinkling of minced parsley for a garnish, they will be a very delicate dish for breakfast.

A Natural Bridge of Agate.
A mining expert, sent to investigate some Arizona properties for Denver capitalists, recently returned, and reports the finding of a most remarkable natural bridge formed by a tree of agatized wood, spanning a canyon forty-five feet in width. The tree had at some remote time fallen, and become imbedded in the silt of some great inland sea or mighty water overflow. The silt became in time sandstone, and the wood gradually passed through the stages of mineralization until it is now a wonderful mass of solid agate. In a few years water washed and ate away the sandstone until a canyon forty-five feet in width had been formed, the flinty-like substance of the agatized wood having resisted the erosion of the water-flow. Fully fifty feet of the tree rests on one side and can be traced, but how far its other end lies buried in the sandstone cannot be determined without blasting away the rock. The trunk visible above the canyon varies in size from four feet to three feet in diameter. Where the bark has been broken and torn away the characteristic colors of jasper and agate are seen. To the naked eye the wood is beautiful. Under a microscope or miner's magnifying glass the brilliant colorings are clearly brought out in all their wondrous beauty.—Oregon Statesman.

Services Declined.
Mr. Busy had a hard afternoon's work before him, and as his luck would have it his friend Smithson had come into the office for an idle chat. Mr. Busy had given him one or two hints to go, but without avail. "Dear me!" said Busy, who felt that something must be done. "I'm so overwhelmed with work that I scarcely have time to live. If this rush continues I shall have to engage somebody else to eat my meals for me." "Now, now," said Smithson, who, like most idle men, was a great eater, "that's just my chance. Hire me. I'll do it cheap." "No, Smithson," answered Busy, "I don't think it would be safe. You know I'm subjected to dyspepsia, and I'm afraid you'd have me sick."

CARE OF THE FEET.

A CHIROPODIST GIVES TIPS FOR SELF-TREATMENT.

He Scores Shallow-Fated, Vain Men and Women Who Distort Their Toes by Tight or Pointed Shoes—Women the Chief Offenders.

Causes of Corns.
Dr. Charles Kahler, a chiropodist, of New York, has written a book entitled "How to Treat Your Own Feet," in which he gives some sensible advice on a topic that is of great and growing importance. He states that nearly all the evils to which the foot is subject are due to ill-fitting shoes, and he roundly scolds those who sacrifice health and comfort to make their feet look smaller than they really are. He urges women to wear shoes with room enough for five instead of only two toes. It is suggested that the feet were designed by Nature, not by man, and that any interference with the natural growth



THE PERFECT FOOT.

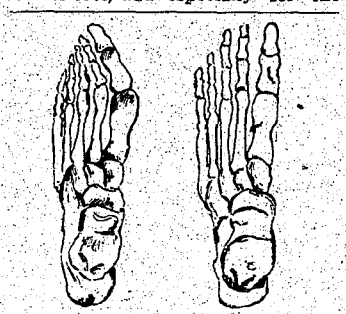
and requirements will meet with a just punishment. The badly fitting stocking also comes in for a vigorous dressing down. Troubles caused by ill-fitting stockings are more common among women than men, for the reason that women are more anxious to encompass their feet in as little space as possible. This custom, the author adds, was probably borrowed from the Chinese women, who, upon becoming of age, regard feet larger than mere stumps as a disgrace and a deformity.

The Doctor says that frequent bathing in very warm water is of much benefit to the feet, and is usually the first course to be adopted for the treatment of unnatural growths and callosities. The heat of the water renders the flesh soft and pliable, and allows considerable areas of the skin to be easily removed. It is advisable to put a little spirit of ammonia in the foot bath. Should the callosity be highly inflamed, so as to have the appearance of a fester, a slippery elm or flaxseed poultice should be applied before going to bed. Chamomile washers should be placed over the sore spot the next day in order to prevent friction from the shoe. Sometimes a slice of lemon



EFFECTS PRODUCED BY TIGHT SHOES.

applied to the callosity will relieve, if not entirely eradicate, the trouble. Ingrowing nails are a source of great inconvenience, and often of excruciating pain. They should be prevented by wearing properly fitted shoes; but if they should appear it is highly advisable to nip them in the bud, so to speak. This may be done by inserting a wad of lint under the nail, where it has a tendency to turn down into the flesh. This prevents irritation and the development of an ingrowing nail. "My advice," says Dr. Kahler, "to all persons afflicted with ingrowing toe nails, or who have had them treated without effecting a cure, is to procure shoes of sufficient length, breadth, and fullness of upper to allow plenty of room for the toes, and especially for the



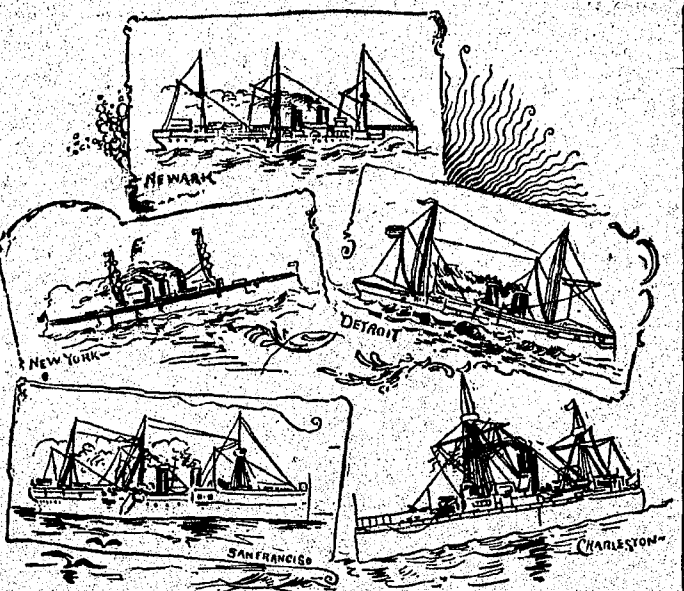
HOW THE BOXES BECOME DISTORTED.

great toe, and to follow the treatment heretofore described carefully. If this advice is acted upon a cure will certainly follow in a reasonable length of time.

CORBETT receives \$20,000 in nine minutes by striking perhaps a dozen blows. Patti receives \$5,000 for singing "Home, Sweet Home," which contains twenty-eight notes and consumes fifteen minutes in the singing. Obviously Patti is underpaid. Both artists must submit to long, arduous, and more or less expensive training; there is no advantage on either side. Each, to be sure, starts out with the divine gift. If Corbett is premier in his profession, Patti is premier in hers. Yet the singer makes more than four times the wages of the singer. As for fame, where is Patti now? These are considerations of interest to young people hesitating to choose a profession. The moral is plain. As between pug and diva, be a pug if you can. But if you can't pug, diva. Even Patti makes four times as much as anyone else on earth.

The danger of convicting a prisoner on inconclusive circumstantial evidence was forcibly and practically demonstrated at a recent hanging. While standing on the scaffold the prisoner confessed to a murder for which an innocent man is now serving a life's imprisonment. The circumstances surrounding the murder fixed the guilt on the innocent man. He had had trouble with the victim, who was shortly afterward murdered. He was arrested and sentenced and is now in the penitentiary, where he probably would have remained had not the murderer confessed.

The man who walks over a precipice with his eyes shut is as sure to be killed as the one who throws himself from it.



ADMIRAL BENHAM'S FLEET AT RIO.

WINTER DIET.

A Few Hints by Which Good Health May Be Attained.

Few people seem to give any thought to the appropriateness of food to the season of the year, says the New York Ledger. With the coming cold weather many people resort to a great deal of indoor, occupying rooms which are often kept at a high temperature and with, of course, very much less fresh air than they are accustomed to during warm weather. This has a tendency to create a feverish condition of the system that should be counteracted by a free indulgence in fruits of all available sorts.

For such purposes there is nothing better than good apples eaten raw. If children were permitted to eat all the fresh apples they craved throughout the winter there would be fewer diseases and deaths; while for adults, there is nothing in the whole range of food products as useful. It is claimed that severe cases of gout and other rheumatic difficulties may be entirely cured by the free use of apples. In the absence of apples, raw potatoes, eaten with a little salt, are a most excellent corrective of bad humors. An eminent lawyer of this country claims to owe his excellent health largely to the habit of eating raw potatoes with salt. Whenever he feels feverish or out of condition this is his medicine, and for years he has taken no other.

Oranges, lemons, grape fruit, pineapples in their season, and all acid fruits, are valuable for people of sedentary habits. Almost all persons might improve their health if they would give a little attention to some of the most simple of natural laws, and when this boon is so cheaply purchased the wonder is that it is so much neglected.

The Santa Fe Failure.

Such an event as the failure of the Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fe Railway Company, occurring in former times would have precipitated a panic in the midst of prosperity, or would have increased vastly the terrors of an existing panic. The failure of Jay Cooke and the half-finished Northern Pacific Railway in 1873 created the panic of that year. The interests involved in that catastrophe were not one-tenth as extensive or important as those of the Santa Fe. Yet this occurrence did not affect the money or stock market to the extent of one-half of one percent on the total volume of business. The loss on securities fell so lightly and were so widely distributed that the result amounted to but little more than a ripple along the shores of the business world.

The disaster to the Santa Fe is the result of nothing but misdirected enterprise and errors in management. In 1881 the stock of the Santa Fe sold at 154. From 1880 to 1888 the stock was but a point or two below par. The plan of extension then began. The line to Chicago was built on the immense terminal property on State street was acquired. The Chicago extension never paid, but caused loss of business to the main line. The business of the main line, which had been divided at the Missouri River among several roads, kept them all in a friendly spirit and the Santa Fe received their combined transcontinental traffic. When it built a rival line to Chicago it lost all the Chicago and eastern traffic of other lines. Practically the same result followed the acquisition of all its extensions and subsidiary lines. Each step of enterprise excited the hostility of rival lines whose territory was invaded. The main line lost traffic and branches did not do a self-supporting business. Every attempt to conquer other worlds impaired the value of its own world as a source of profit.

In the bankruptcy of such great roads as the Northern Pacific, the Union Pacific, the Erie, the Santa Fe and other systems profound lessons are to be learned in the science of railroad management, and especially in the morals of railroad financiering. With good business principles and honesty as a basis of management every one of these railroads should be solvent and paying good dividends on its stock.

"Gatored Mules."

The Washington News says that a "gatored mule" is, according to Florida dialect, a mule that has been driven partially insane by an alligator. There are hundreds of such demented mules in Florida, and it is a fact that they are never the same after a genuine fright of this sort.

I helped to "gator one" myself, writes a traveler. I had been staying at Ocala, and finally agreed with several friends to go hunting in the south. Some distance from town we located upon a small stream abounding in game. After pitching camp, I went for a walk, and before long I found a "gator hole." From the strong, musty odor issuing from it, I knew the owner must be at home.

I decided to capture him, and called my companions. Several times we rammed a long pole into the burrow. Finally we heard a snap like

Leads in Drain Pipes.

Another piece of chemical knowledge worth noting is the action of sulphide of hydrogen in the presence of a lead salt. If a piece of blotting paper be soaked with a solution of sugar of lead and be held near or over a bottle of sulphide of hydrogen the blotting paper will at once turn dark-brown or black. That is, a chemical change takes place and the sulphur or the sulphide of hydrogen unites with the lead of the sugar of lead, and a sulphide of lead is the result, which is black or dark-brown. The practical application of this is the detection of leaks in drain pipes. Almost all foul odors from cesspools and drains contain the sulphide of hydrogen. If a leak of these odors is suspected or noticed, a piece of blotting paper soaked with a solution of sugar of lead and held at the joints of the pipes or where the odor is suspected will at once turn brown or black if there is an escape of gas. Often at summer resorts some of the back rooms suggest an odor not too pleasant, and a bad drain or leaky cesspool is suggested by a faint smell. A piece of blotting paper treated as directed above and left to hang in the room will detect a slight amount of the poisonous gas and prove conclusively that the room is unfit for occupation.

Just the Opposite.

An Irishman who was employed in the iron works in a Western town was advised by his physician to seek some employment where the labor was less severe, on account of an enlargement of the heart. He proceeded, therefore, to set up a small grocery, which was well patronized by his friends. He was not in the habit of diminishing his prospects of financial success by giving "down weight," and one afternoon, when a customer asked for a pound of sugar, he added pinch by pinch until the scale barely turned. "Pat," inquired the customer, looking up innocently at his careful weigher, "phwat was it the dochter said was allin' yer?" "Inlargement av the haart," answered Pat with pride. "Well, thin," said the customer, "it's toime ye were changin' yer dother. Pat, the way that's findin' ye now don't understand yer disease, me by. Yer haart is gettin' smaller mighty fast, an' it's in great danger ye are!"

For the Minister.

The Woman's Journal has heard of a little girl who has learned to adapt herself to circumstances. She wrote a composition entitled, "The Cow." It had two great merits: brevity and truth. It ran thus: "The cow is a very useful animal." That afternoon the minister called at the house, and the little girl's mother asked her to read her composition to him. She read it with emendations and improvements: "The cow is the most useful animal except religion."

The California Fruit Grower reports the arrival of specimens of a new leaf-eating beetle from Hawaii. It feeds indiscriminately on the leaves of the peach, orange, and grape, and, in fact, on all kinds of fruit trees. It is as yet unknown in California. It is to be hoped that the specimen was promptly destroyed as soon as identified. The worst insect predators have been disseminated by sending specimens as a scientific curiosity, and then letting some of them escape. The beetle came originally from Japan and is known in Hawaii as the Japanese bug or leaf-eater.

Hard Work.

Hard work, mental or physical, rarely ever kills. If a mild amount of physical exercise be taken and a judicious amount of food be furnished, the surface protected with proper clothing, and the individual cultivates a philosophical nature and absolutely refuses to permit anything to annoy or fret him, the chances are that he can do an almost unlimited amount of work for an indefinite length of time, caring in mind always that, when weariness comes, he must rest and not take stimulants and work upon false capital. The tired workman should not be scourged to additional labor. Under such stimulus the slave may do the task, but he soon becomes crippled and unfit for work. The secret of successful work lies in the direction of selecting good nutritious digestible food, taken in proper quantities, the adopting of regular methods of work, the rule of resting when pronounced fatigue prevents further exertion, absolutely not to permit friction, worry or fretting, and the cultivation of the Christian graces, charity, patience, and philosophy.

The people of the United States haven't the slightest objection to Admiral Mello blowing up all the ships the Brazilian government may purchase in this country after the aforesaid ships get outside of Uncle Sam's boundary waters. But if the rebel admiral attempts to blow up any such ships in United States ports before they're delivered and paid for, as is his alleged intention, it will become the pleasurable duty of our navy to go down to Rio and "bust up" Mello and his blooming insurrection. And that duty will be very conscientiously and perfectly performed, too.

The only time a man can perfectly control himself under excitement is when he is hunting a burglar.

This average waist of woman, a woman's journal asserts, has increased from 10 inches to 24 inches within five years. It looks elusive, but there are men who will endeavor to get round it.—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE QUAIL AND ITS HUNTERS.

Where America's National Game Bird Is Most Proliferous.

Though the quail is ubiquitous, and is everywhere highly prized from both sporting and epicurean points of view, he is at his best in both capacities throughout the Carolinas, Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, writes Charles D. Lanier, in Harper's Magazine. There a man has his setters and pointers almost inevitably as his kitchen. The boy grows up in proud dreams of the day when he shall be allowed to shoot over the dogs with the men instead of holding the riding-horses for them; he practices diligently on tin cans thrown into the air, and, as eye and arm begin to acquire cunning, on the "bull bats" that circle around before dusk in the early fall. One's shooting qualities are officially gauged by the number of quail one can kill. A good shot will bag half the birds he shoots at, and a fair marksman will be content with two or three to every ten empty shells, counting after a full day's sport. Then there are those rare old shots, with lightning nerves and eyes, who, in open and thicket, taking snap-shots that would give the average man scarcely time to raise his gun will bring down fifteen, or even eighteen or nineteen birds with twenty cartridges. Along the river bottoms and broad stubblefields of these States the partridges are still so numerous that in favored localities it is no wonderful thing to find during the day twenty or twenty-five coveys of birds, averaging fifteen or more in a covey.

But in finding the birds almost all depends on the dogs. The curly-coated setters and shorter haired, trim-built pointers are about evenly divided, the favorite varieties of the former known to the local sportsman being the Gordon, generally marked black, or black and tan; the English, marked white with black, lemon, orange, or liver-colored spots; and the red Irish.

The gun still used for quail, and upland shooting generally, is the 12-gauge double-barreled breech-loader. The great manufacturers turn these out so cheaply now that they are in the financial reach of everybody, whereas it has been but a score of years since they were rarities, and very costly ones. Some of the more dilettante sportsmen are beginning to use again the smaller gauges, generally of fine English make. Season before last the writer shot a Scott 16-bore hammerless with excellent results, and the lighter weight of gun possible with this small gauge is very grateful on a thirty-mile tramp across country. A five-pound gun can, too, be handled more quickly in snap-shots than a nine-pounder. Even in grouse shooting, where the birds are strong and wild, the smaller gun shows no inferiority.

Microbes Carried by Bullets.

Some interesting experiments were lately made by Dr. Mesmer, says the London News, by way of solving the question whether or not rifle bullets are liable to carry the infection with them in their course of entry into the body. He made his trial with bullets which had been infected with germs of a particular kind, and the infected bullets were shot into tin boxes from distances varying from 225 to 250 meters—a meter being nearly 3 feet 3 1/2 inches. Inside the boxes was placed gelatine peptone in a sterilized or germless condition, so that whatever germ developments were found in the peptone (which is a great growing medium for microbes) would be presumed to have come from the bullets. The tracks of the bullets through the gelatine were duly scrutinized, with the result that in each case germ growth took place corresponding to the infection with microbes with which the bullets had been respectively infected. In another series of investigations the bullets were made to pass through infected flannel before penetrating the gelatine, the bullets being of ordinary kind. Here, again, microbial growths appeared in the gelatine, showing that the flannel had yielded up its microbes to the bullets as they traversed it. If noninfected and ordinary bullets were used, the gelatine developed only the ordinary germ life, such as the air contained. The bullet is, therefore, a germ carrier of very decided kind, and it is also clear that if clothing is penetrated by a bullet prior to its entering the tissue, the missile will be liable to carry into the wound it makes the bacteria resident on the clothing.

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HUMOR OF THE WEEK

STORIES TOLD BY FUNNY MEN OF THE PRESS.

Many Odd, Curious, and Laughable Phases of Human Nature Graphically Portrayed by Excellent Word Artists of Our Own Day—A Budget of Fun.

Sprinkles of Spite.

Age seems to increase the value of everything except women and butter.—Texas Siftings.

The world is full of people who want to do good, but they are in no hurry to commence.

Max—"If you were I what would you do?" Jack—"Well, first of all, I'd let me kiss you."—Life.

When a man has no bills against him, he must feel as if he belonged to the nobility.—Texas Siftings.

"Is PEREGRIN a good thinker?" "He never indulges in anything but a Pullman vestibule train of thought."—Judge.

CUSTOMER—Why do you call this the "after Christmas" rose? FLORIST—Because it hasn't a scent.—Indianapolis Journal.

TOMMY, who was Joan of Arc? asked the teacher. "Noah's wife," said Tommy, who is great at guessing.—Music and Drama.

He—Why do you regard marriage as a failure? She—So many make use of it to get money belonging to others.—New York Herald.

My son, observe the postage stamp—its usefulness depends upon its ability to stick to one thing till it gets there.—Elmira Gazette.

"So she's really going to be married?" "Yes." "I suppose she thinks of nothing but the future." "Well, she only talks of the presents."—Many men this motto have.

Much to their creditors' sorrow! Never pay to-day that which can be put off until to-morrow.—Buffalo Courier.

The man (with an only son)—"What kind of scholars do you turn out at this institution?" Principal—"Those who do not study."—Siftings.

UNCLE—Well, Robbie, how did you stand at school last term? Robbie—Sometimes with my face in the corner and sometimes up at the teacher's desk.

"My son," said an irate father, "do you know why I am about to whip you?" "I suppose because you're the biggest," said Tommy.—Music and Drama.

PROF. SUCCI TANNA—What will you pay me to undertake a forty-day fast at your museum, Manager? Well, I'll pay your board while you fast.—Puck.

AN OVERESTIMATE—He—But you didn't think my oration was so poor, did you? She—No. On the contrary, I thought it was rather "fresh."—Brooklyn Life.

He—Do you think I could get a pass on your father's road? She—No, they don't pass anything but dividends on his road. I've heard him say so.—Philadelphia Press.

MISS SWEETLY—I always feel perfectly stupid when a photographer tells me to look pleasant. Miss TARTLY—How nice it must be to know you'll get a perfect picture, dear.

STILLINGFLEET—"How could you conscientiously tell Miss Elder that she is the only woman you ever loved?" Tillingham—"It is a fact. The others were all young girls."—Vogue.

THE WIFE—Yes, at first, my dear, the doctor thought that your recent sick spell had affected your brain. The husband—He still thinks so, it seems, from the bill he sent in yesterday.

MISS SWIFTLY—"I guess Edwin is being congratulated. Do you see all the men rush up to him, now it is known we are engaged?" Miss SEVERELY—"Perhaps they are comparing notes."—Puck.

The really wise man is the fellow who knows what will be unpopular before the great, flat-footed public jumps on it. It may also be remarked, parenthetically, that he is mighty scarce.

AT THE THEATRE—Will—Say, Jack, how much did you pay for these seats? Jack—Six dollars and a half. Will—Well, next time let's save our money and go to a milliner's opening.—Boston Beacon.

PAT (to parrot, who has finished whistling "God Save the Queen")—"Begorra! it's a dom good thing yez hov gane fithers an' yez. If yez was a canary Old twisht yer neck fer yez."—Brooklyn Life.

TEACHER—I find only one mistake in your exercise. You have passed photograph as a noun of feminine gender. Nothing wrong, do you? "Causo I thought it was one of the machines that repeats everything you say."

"How has young Fiedick succeeded out West in the crockery business?" "Splendidly! Amassed a large fortune in three years." "Miraculous!" "Not at all. You see, he secured a contract to supply dishes in an insane asylum."—Puck.

PRESIDENT of the Kitefyers' National Bank—"What's this item in our statement of assets—\$95,000.27?" Cashier—"Yes, sir. I thought those odd cents would look mighty well." President—"Well, they would look better if the item wasn't 'gold coin on hand.'"—Life.

WIFE—"George, I wish you belonged to my church. The new minister is a man you would like." Husband—"Notsuch a bigoted Methodist as the other, then, is he?" Wife—"No; he's very broad! He believes that Episcopalians, if they repent, can be saved."—Puck.

Confusion of Ideas.

A Cumberland clergyman has often urged an old woman in his parish to go to church, and he so far prevailed on her that she attended on Sunday morning. However, by mischance, she got into a pew belonging to a regular attendant.

The verger went to her and beckoned her to come out. At the same instant the harmonium commenced playing, whereupon the old lady, skating her head at the verger, said, "It's no use askin' me, yez num git somebody else, as ah can't dance."

FIREMEN ARE KILLED

BURNED TO DEATH IN A BUILDING IN PARIS.

Seventeen Workmen Who Go to Their Aid Also Fightfully Burned—Gang of Brooklyn Counterfeits Captured—Small-pox Nurses Stricken.

Paris.—The explosion in Paris of a large quantity of sulphuric acid, which was being used by the firemen in the burning of the building, resulted in the death of seven men and the burning of seventeen others. The men who were killed were the firemen who were working on the building. The men who were burned were the men who were working on the building. The men who were killed were the firemen who were working on the building. The men who were burned were the men who were working on the building.

FOUR FROM ONE FAMILY.

Secret Service Men Capture a Gang of Brooklyn Counterfeits.—The special agent of the United States secret service, with the assistance of two deputy marshals, raided a counterfeiter's den at 422 Atlantic street, Brooklyn, and made four arrests. The four men were Carlo Buonadonna, and Josephine, Annie and Duffield Lamont. The last three being mother, daughter and son. Duffield Lamont is only 15 years old. In their apartments in the rear of a "dummy" barber shop the officers found thousands of counterfeit dollars, in various stages of completion, and also a large quantity of counterfeit money. The prisoners were arraigned before United States Commissioner Morley, in Brooklyn, and held in \$2,500 bail for examination. They were committed to the city jail. The agent then went to New York City and arrested Albert Lamont, another son of Josephine, in his father's grocery store. These persons have been watched by the agent and his men for several weeks. Their victims were small storekeepers. Albert Lamont was taken to Brooklyn and locked up with his alleged confederates. This is the third gang of counterfeiters captured in Brooklyn within a fortnight.

SMALL-POX STRIKES THE SISTERS.

Fatality Attendant at the Chicago Pest-House Fall Ill.—The faithful Sisters of Charity who have been nursing the patients at the hospital for contagious diseases in Chicago, have been themselves stricken with small-pox. Two are down with the disease, one being so seriously ill that her life is despaired of, the other quite ill, but not dangerously so. These sick nurses are Sister Kate Egle and Sister Alfreda Hummer. Sister Hummer has the disease in its worst form, and it is very doubtful if she will recover. Sister Egle is not as ill as her comrade, and it is thought she will recover. There are now ninety-one cases of the disease in the hospital, not including the two sick Sisters. There were 342 cases of the disease in the hospital during the month of January. During this month the average number of new cases per day has been about four.

ALLOWED TO DISMISS THEIR CASES.

The Peters Actions Against the Kansas City Live Stock Exchange Are Ended.—At the annual meeting of the Kansas City Live Stock Exchange, E. W. Peters and V. G. Peters were allowed to dismiss their cases against the exchange on the payment of costs. The Peterses were the last act in the disposal of the celebrated American Live Stock Commission Company's charges, which has been running the course of the courts during the last few years, and which has in every instance proved to be a signal victory for the exchange. It was the case when the Peterses, representing the American commission company, sought to enjoin the exchange from enforcing the rule against dividing commissions.

HOLDS UP A TRAIN SILENTLY-HANDED.

A Bold Robber Gets Away with About \$20,000 in Coin.—When a passenger train was about half a mile from Carson, Nev., it was stopped by one man, who broke in the door of the Wells Fargo & Co. car with a sledge hammer and held up the express messenger, taking a box of coin which the railroad paymaster was sending to Reno to pay the employees. The box contained nearly \$20,000. After robbing the train, the robber got off in the dark, the messenger losing sight of him before he could give the alarm. The train was backed to town and the alarm given. A posse started in pursuit.

Robbed a Pay Car.

A party of bandits held up the pay car on the Virginia & Truckee Road beyond Carson, Nev., and secured a large amount of treasure.

Many Deaths from Cholera.

There has been a recurrence of cholera at Warsaw, and many deaths have occurred.

Will Contest the Will.

The will of ex-Governor Rice of Minnesota is to be contested. It is said he has an Indian wife living.

Girls Are Going to Carry Canes.

The young ladies of Wesleyan College have created a mild sensation by announcing that they will carry canes.

Bushwhacked Farmer Ford.

Twenty miles from Brenham, Texas, Wednesday night, Peter Ford, a well-to-do farmer 60 years of age, while driving in his house was fired upon and killed by some one in the dark outside. Son-in-law Andrew Washington, who has long desired to get possession of the old man's property, has been arrested charged with the crime.

Sentenced to Die as a Spy.

At Kishinev, the capital of Bessarabia, Col. Gregoroff has been sentenced to death by a military tribunal. Col. Gregoroff was convicted on the charge of being an Austrian spy.

Church Overheated and Ruined.

The Janitor of the German Lutheran Church at Buenos Aires, lighted the stoves and turned on the heat, and when he returned the entire interior of the church was baked to a crisp, and is almost a total loss. The church had just been completed at a cost of \$30,000.

Midwinter Fair Will Be Extended.

The Midwinter Fair will be extended one month beyond the date proposed. The managers have decided that as there was a delay of a month in opening it should be made up at the other end. The fair will not close until July 31, and probably not until August.

Farmers Meet at Topoka.

At the meeting of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union in Topoka, about forty delegates were present. Gov. Lovell and John F. Willels delivered the addresses of welcome. "Farmer" Dora, of New York, and Mann Page, of Richmond, Va., responded.

UNITED STATES MILITIA FORCES.

Figures from the Reports to the Adjutant General of the Army.

Secretary Lamont, of the War Department, has transmitted to Congress an abstract of the militia forces of the United States, according to the latest returns received by the Adjutant General of the army. The figures show that in all organized Territories the aggregate of enlisted militiamen is 112,109—Alaska, Utah and Oklahoma alone having no military organizations. The total number of men available for military duty in the United States is 8,224,907. This force, if organized, would make up nearly five times as large as the famous army of Xerxes. Of the enlisted militiamen, 10,321 are non-commissioned officers. The commissioned officers number 2,731; among them are 63 generals and 1,212 staff officers. New York leads in the size of militia forces, the enlisted men in that State numbering 3,649. Pennsylvania is next with 3,614, and Ohio ranks third with 3,135. Massachusetts has 5,660 militiamen and South Carolina has 4,444. California stands sixth with 4,441, and Illinois ranks seventh, her militiamen numbering 4,377. There are 63 generals in the militia, and 31 staff officers. The regimental and field officers number 68, and the company officers 224. The commissioned officers 767. There are 96 non-commissioned officers. The number of men in the militia is estimated at 8,224,907.

DELAWARE BY STORM.

Rough Sea Cause Fourteen Ocean Steamers to Be Overdue at New York.—New York dispatch: After a very stormy passage the Umbria, of the Cunard Line, has arrived in port, about three days overdue in her trip from Liverpool. She had to work past the weather in the transatlantic line of travel has been very rough and stormy, and high seas have ruled. All incoming vessels are overdue and some apprehension has been created. There are six boats to four days. Among these are the Adriatic, of the White Star Line; La Gasconne, of the French Line; the Rheina, of the Hamburg-American Line; the Penland, of the Red Star Line; the Thingalla, of the Thingalla Line; and the Lloyd Line. The Penland is now seventeen days out from Antwerp. Her usual winter passage is twelve days. Every one of the fourteen belated vessels has doubtless been caught in the storm track.

LOSS BY FIRE OF \$500,000.

Blaze at Savannah, Ga., in Which Several Buildings Destroyed.—A fire broke out at Savannah, Ga., on Wednesday, Jan. 27, at 10 o'clock. It started in a warehouse of Wilcox, Gibbs & Co., and from there spread to the Savannah Grocery Company's six-story brick building, which was totally consumed. The store of the Savannah Grocery Company was worth \$150,000. It was insured for \$100,000. The store was insured to M. Peris's wholesale grocery, three stories high. The stock is worth \$150,000; insurance, \$125,000. The building belongs to Wilcox, Gibbs & Co., and is valued at \$100,000; insurance, \$84,000. The guano warehouse is valued at \$10,000.

SHELLS FLY AT RIO.

Shore Batteries Attacked—Only Four Persons Killed in the City.—The comparative quiet which has prevailed at Rio de Janeiro for ten days or more was suddenly interrupted by a furious quarrel between the guards and the rebels, followed by an attack by the rebel fleet and the batteries in their possession on the shore defenses of the city. Later in the day another fight took place at Santa Anna and Ponta de Areia. All the fighting, however, resulted in the killing of only four men and the mortally wounding of a fifth. These were all citizens of Rio. What loss, if any, the rebels sustained is not known.

No Rights as Belligerents.

If the rebel admiral, Dr. Gama, attempts to blockade the harbor of Rio de Janeiro, he will be considered as a pirate.—Benjamin Will, if necessary, cut a passage-way with solid shot. In such terms a Cabinet member explained to a Washington correspondent the administration's attitude toward Dr. Gama's reported blockade of the harbor of Rio de Janeiro. The cable from London said that the rebel leader had given forty-eight hours' notice that he would blockade Rio and had disposed his fleet accordingly. This step was intended to assert belligerent rights for the insurgents, and the dispatch said that the action of the foreign commanders was awaited with anxiety. The Cabinet member, continuing, said: "Since the Benham incident last week we have had no official information to warrant me in denying or confirming that report. The report is, however, in harmony with our official information of Dr. Gama's intentions before the Detroit fired upon his ship. Before that shot he had intended to establish a general blockade, as already published, and he looked for the assistance of Great Britain. But the Detroit's shot assumed to rob him of his hope. We have not recognized him as a belligerent. We regard him simply as a pirate, and until he has possession of some part of Brazil and has some sort of a government recognized by the people of that part we are not likely to give him recognition."

Threw Her Children Out.

At midnight the other night in Cincinnati, O., a fire was discovered on the ground floor of a tenement. A man that discovered it threw a boulder through the second-story window and awakened the occupants, who were then fled.—Mrs. Combs, aged 40, her daughter Stella, aged 8, and Miss Coleman, a friend. Mrs. Combs threw her two children out of the window on the story pavement twenty feet below. The boy was fatally hurt; Mrs. Combs will die. Stella is unhurt, and Miss Coleman jumped, escaping with slight injuries.

Concerning the Currency.

The paper currency outstanding Feb. 1 was \$1,167,040,231, less \$1,000,000 to be destroyed by Feb. 1. This shows an increase of \$167,040,231 during the month. Outstanding Jan. 31 were: One-dollar notes, \$38,240,267; 2-cent notes, \$20,325,917; 5-cent notes, \$24,097,470; 10-cent notes, \$301,351,749; 20-cent notes, \$238,380,620; 50-cent notes, \$44,081,265; 100-cent notes, \$4,482,701; \$500 notes, \$19,208,000; \$1,000 notes, \$50,406,000; \$5,000 notes, \$14,390,000; \$10,000 notes, \$75,070,000.

Oklahoma Gold Mines Were Sailed.

The gold excitement in the Wichita Mountains culminated in the discovery that the alleged valuable mines had been "sailed." The secret leaked out through the attempt of a man to save a friend from being victimized. Excitement has been running high for several weeks on the strength of the new finds, but the bubble has burst.

Big Fire at Savannah, Ga.

At Savannah, Ga., the large brick block on Bay Street occupied by the Savannah Grocery Company caught fire. It will be total loss.

Fire at the Fair Grounds.

Agricultural Hall, at Jackson Park, Chicago, burned, amounting \$30,000 by fire at incinerators. Two previous attempts had failed.

THE JOKER'S BUDGET.

Cholly—The doctor has ordered a complete rest, has positively forbidden me even to think, don'tcher know.

Cynicus—Did he have the gall to charge you for that advice?—[Truth.]

WHY HE WAS LATE.

Teacher—Why are you late to school? Boy—The streets are so slippery I couldn't walk.

Teacher—I didn't find them so.

Boy—No, may be not. You see, I greased my soles so I could slide.

[Good News.]

OALM.

"How are you getting along with your music lessons?" asked the caller.

"Very peaceably, now," replied the resolute girl.

"What do you mean?"

"The neighbors on both sides of me have moved."

DEPRESSING INFLUENCES.

His Father—What are you crying about, Tommy?

Tommy (weeping bitterly)—I just read in an almanac (sob) where it says it's going to rain (sob) on the Fourth of July!

ANGLOMANIA.

Cholly—Oh, she is perfectly lovely; she paid me such a compliment.

Freddie—What was it?

Cholly—She said I was so un-American.

Freddie—How delightful.—[Detroit Free Press.]

ON ONE ACCOUNT.

"I'd like to marry Miss Bullion on one account."

"What's that?"

"Her bank account."—[Philadelphia Record.]

EFFECTING A SAVING.

Byers—What was your idea in getting vaccinated on your rheumatic arm?

Sellers—Economy of pain. It couldn't make the arm hurt worse than it did already.—[Chicago Tribune.]

THE LATEST.

Wayside Bill—Did you know I'd got a job?

Lingering Luke—What yer doin'?

Wayside Bill—Sweeping out aquariums.—[Judge.]

THE PROPER THING.

Hungry Higgins—Wot's right, nowadays—'ank you, or 'anks?

Weary Watkins—I guess tanks would hit us about right.—[Indianapolis Journal.]

UNDOUBTEDLY EXAGGERATED.

"Doctor told mamma the other evening that if I didn't give up wearing fashionable bonnets I'd have neuralgia."

"And so you're going back to the good old comfortable styles?"

"Nonsense, Lena; if people only make up their minds to let neuralgia isn't such an awful thing."—[Judge.]

SOMEWHAT SIMILAR.

Mr. Simickle had just been reading of the marriage of a young woman with money to a man with a foreign ancestry.

"Modern matrimony," he remarked, "makes me think of the novel."

"In what respect?"

"It's a combination of striking title, gilt-edged binding and mighty poor piece of work, after all."—[Globe Democrat.]

NOT DISPOSED TO BE OBSTINATE.

Employer—There is a difference, sir, of \$250 between the amount of money your books show to be on hand and the amount actually on hand.

What have you to say, sir?

Employer—I'm willing to submit the difference to arbitration.—[Chicago Tribune.]

FATE.

Rollie—I wish I didn't like candy, mamma.

Mamma—Why, Rollie?

Rollie—Why, because then I suppose people would give me lots of it, Harper's Young People.

TOMMY'S AMIABLE RECREATIONS.

His Mother—What are you moping around the house for, Tommy? Why don't you go over and play with Charlie Pinatore?

Tommy—Cause I played with Charlie yesterday and I don't s'pose he's well enough, yet.—[Chicago Record.]

CHANGED HIS NAME WITH HIS OFFENSE.

One of the local justices of the Peace identified the prisoner at the bar as an old offender.

Justice—What is your name?

Prisoner—Sam Jackson.

"Three years ago, when you were up before me you said your name was John Smith."

"Yes, but that was on a different charge."—[Texas Sittings.]

A ROMANTIC MOMENT.

The Marquis Van Dickens (at the swiftest ball in London)—Surely I have seen your beautiful face before, Miss SaintLouis.

Miss SaintLouis—More'n likely. Pa used it on all his patent medicine ads as "after taking."

IT TALKS.

Prof. White—When did money first come into use?

Brown—The exact date isn't known, sir; but it was subsequent to the failure of the Tower of Babel.

Prof. White—Indeed! How did you learn that?

Brown—By inductive analysis, sir. Money talks, and everybody has always understood its language.—[Kate Field's Washington.]

QUITE ENOUGH.

"I've half a mind to write a magazine poem."

"All right. Half a mind seems to be about enough for that sort of thing."

AN ADDITION TO THE LANGUAGE.

"Would you call Dexter a poet?"

"No, sir; he is a riminal."

"A what?"

"Riminal. That's a word of my own. If a man who commits crimes is a criminal, I don't see why a man who commits rhymes shouldn't be a riminal."—[Life.]

THE JOKER'S BUDGET.

Cholly—The doctor has ordered a complete rest, has positively forbidden me even to think, don'tcher know.

Cynicus—Did he have the gall to charge you for that advice?—[Truth.]

WHY HE WAS LATE.

Teacher—Why are you late to school? Boy—The streets are so slippery I couldn't walk.

Teacher—I didn't find them so.

Boy—No, may be not. You see, I greased my soles so I could slide.

[Good News.]

OALM.

"How are you getting along with your music lessons?" asked the caller.

"Very peaceably, now," replied the resolute girl.

"What do you mean?"

"The neighbors on both sides of me have moved."

DEPRESSING INFLUENCES.

His Father—What are you crying about, Tommy?

Tommy (weeping bitterly)—I just read in an almanac (sob) where it says it's going to rain (sob) on the Fourth of July!

ANGLOMANIA.

Cholly—Oh, she is perfectly lovely; she paid me such a compliment.

Freddie—What was it?

Cholly—She said I was so un-American.

Freddie—How delightful.—[Detroit Free Press.]

ON ONE ACCOUNT.

"I'd like to marry Miss Bullion on one account."

"What's that?"

"Her bank account."—[Philadelphia Record.]

EFFECTING A SAVING.

Byers—What was your idea in getting vaccinated on your rheumatic arm?

Sellers—Economy of pain. It couldn't make the arm hurt worse than it did already.—[Chicago Tribune.]

THE LATEST.

Wayside Bill—Did you know I'd got a job?

Lingering Luke—What yer doin'?

Wayside Bill—Sweeping out aquariums.—[Judge.]

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